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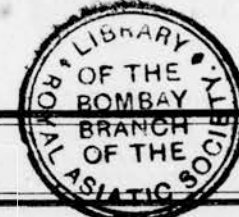
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VOL. XXIV NO. 161

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JULY 7, 1936



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CENTRAL EUROPE HEADING FOR CRISIS

Austro-German Parleys End In Failure

VIENNA'S "NO" TO FREE FIELD FOR NAZIS

Demands Respect For Frontiers And Guarantee Of Non-Interference

VIENNA, July 6. Negotiations for Austro-German reconciliation proceeding during the past week between Chancellor, Dr. Von Schuschnigg and the German Minister, Herr Von Papen, have failed. No relaxation of tension can, therefore, be expected.

CAUSE OF FAILURE.

It is understood that the failure has arisen on the point that Germany demanded that Austrian Nazis should be permitted to publish their views and work on their "cultural programme," especially with regard to its anti-Semitic angle; also Germany refused to agree to the Hapsburg restoration.

AUSTRIAN STAND-POINT.

The chief condition for which Austria stood was the declaration of respect for the existing frontiers and promise of non-interference while Dr. Schuschnigg would grant general amnesty to all the Austrian Nazis.—Reuter.

BEIRAYAL COMPLETE

League Sanctions Against Italy Will Be Lifted On July 15

GENEVA, July 6. Sanctions will be lifted on the 15th of July.—Reuter.

WHAT BECK TOLD GREISER

Statute Of Danzig Can Be Revised Only With Polish Consent

GENEVA, July 6. Colonel Beck said that in an interview with Herr Greiser he made it unmistakably clear that Poland was prepared fully to assume the responsibilities under the Statute of Danzig which could only be revised with Poland's consent. He also told him that the High Commissioner could count on the League Council's full support.—Reuter.

DANZIG CONVENTION

(SPECIAL CABLE.) LONDON, July 6. The Greiser incident at Gdansk on Saturday is treated in Germany as though Herr Greiser were the offended party. Official quarters in Berlin give wholehearted approval to the attitude he adopted, while the Nazi Press deals with the matter under such headlines as "Danzig's President Insulted"; "Outrageous Attacks on Greiser in League of Nations Palace".

Interviewed by "Volksischer Beobachter," Herr Greiser denied the rumours of a plan to change the Danzig Convention by force. He added that he would take the course to see the unbearable situation which had arisen through the League's High Commissioner overcome for all the time. Meantime the Nazis in Danzig are preparing a "Hero's Welcome" for Herr Greiser when he returns.

ANTI-WOMEN TRAFFIC CONFERENCE.

(SPECIAL CABLE.) LONDON, July 6. Replying to a question Mr. Eden announced that the League of Nations Conference on traffic in women and children would be held in Java in next February and French, Chinese, Portuguese, Netherlands, Siamese, Hongkong and Straits Settlements Governments have agreed to send representatives. The United States would send an observer and India was considering the question of sending an observer.

PROSPECTS OF NEW TREATY

Most Formidable Hurdle Surmounted In Anglo-Egyptian Talks

CAIRO, July 6. The Anglo-Egyptian negotiators have surmounted the most formidable hurdle by virtually agreeing on the military question. Agreement is expected to be drafted in a few days and, provided the conversations continue the present favourable progress the Egyptian delegation will probably be able to proceed to London and draw up New Treaty before the end of the summer.—Reuter.

ROBIN'S NEW RECORD

Beats Ghosh In Hand-cuffed Endurance Swimming

LAHORE, July 6. Robin Chatterji, holder of world's endurance swimming record (68 hours 12 minutes), has established a new record for hand-cuffed endurance swimming. He has just exceeded P. K. Ghosh's time for this form of swimming, namely 62-12 hours. He entered the water at 7.20 on Saturday morning and completed 62 hours and 40 minutes at 10 to-night.

ITALY'S FRESH THREAT TO POWERS

Will Accept No Agreement Reached At Montreux

ROME, July 6. It is officially announced that Italy will not attend the Montreux Conference as long as the Mediterranean "Mutual Defence" Agreements of December continue.

Moreover, political circles warn the Powers against thinking that Italy will accept any agreement reached at Montreux.

It is asserted that, if Black Sea becomes Russian lake, harbouring the Soviet fleet, with free access to the Mediterranean, the balance of power in Italy's home waters will be altered and Italy might feel it necessary to increase her Navy.—Reuter.

Chatterji is still in water.

EARLIER. Robin Chatterji, who entered the D. A. V. College Tank at 7-20 on Saturday morning in an attempt to improve on Ghosh's record for hand-cuffed endurance swimming of 62-12 hours, is confidently fighting against unfavourable weather conditions and other physical ailments, consequent upon a meagre liquid diet and exhaustion and hopes to establish a new record by remaining in the water until 10 o'clock to-night when he will have broken the record and, if he is strong enough, will increase the margin.—A. P.

TOKIO "COUP" ECHO

Thirteen Officers And Four Civilians To Pay Death Penalty

TOKIO, July 6. Thirteen officers and four civilians have been sentenced to death in connection with the attempted military coup on 26th February when several members of the Cabinet were murdered.—Reuter.

SIX CITY FATHERS TO BE REMOVED?

Sequel To Defiance Of Dy. Commissioner's Order

JAWAHAR ADDRESS ECHO AT LYALLPUR

LYALLPUR, July 6. Interesting developments are expected in the tussle going for some time between the Deputy Commissioner and the six nationalist members of the Lyallpur Municipality on the question of presentation of a civic address to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress president, during his visit to this city in June last. Sardar Sant Singh, M.L.A., speaking at a public meeting last night revealed that he had learnt from a reliable authority that the Deputy Commissioner of Lyallpur has recommended the removal of the six members. Sant Singh and five others from the membership of the Committee on the ground that they presented the address to the Pandit on behalf of the Lyallpur Municipal Committee on his visit to Lyallpur defying his order suspending the Municipal resolution to that effect.—United Press.

FACILITIES FOR INDIAN AIR FORCE

Revision Of Rates Of Payment Contemplated

SIMLA, July 6. The "United Press" understands that the defence Department, Government of India, has under contemplation an improvement in the method of recruitment to the Indian Air Force together with the revision of rates of payment for the airmen.

The present system of recruitment, which was designed to form one squadron, consisting of three flights has not been found very successful owing to various reasons the main among them being insufficiency of pay, want of many men

Rich City Merchant In Fatal Accident

— Page 7 —

coming for recruitment, risk of life involved, etc. 124 Airmen have been recruited upto date since 1932, but only 51 are at present serving or under training, giving a wastage of 73.

The first flight commenced in April 1933, and the second flight was due in October 1935, but it actually commenced in April this year, forming at Karachi. The third flight has not yet been formed.

The first flight moved to Peshawar, but as it is devoid of Air gunners, it cannot be considered as completely formed. Squadron headquarters and the two flights will be located at Ambala.

It may be recalled that the formation of one squadron was the outcome of the recommendations of the Indian Sandhurst Committee of 1926.—United Press.

WILL DEWAN GRANT THEM INTERVIEW?

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, July 6. It is learnt that the Prajamandal authorities have requested the Dewan for an interview to discuss the present situation. Darbar, Gopaladas Desai in a telegram to the Baroda Prajamandal, while expressing his inability to come on account of sickness, assures support in the actions of the Prajamandal.

SIR FAZLI'S HEALTH CAUSES ANXIETY

LAHORE, July 6. The condition of Sir Fazli Hussain, Educational Minister of the Punjab Government, who has been ailing here for the last one week, is causing anxiety. He had a relapse this morning. In the afternoon he improved slightly but he is not yet out of danger.—United Press.

NO REPLY FROM GERMANY YET

Eden Tells Commons He Won't Ask For It Anymore

LONDON, July 6. The continued absence of a German reply to the British questionnaire was the subject of a question in the House of Commons. Mr. Eden replied that he had made it quite clear the British view and their desire to negotiate. He was not prepared to ask for an answer any more.

Hansa Mehta For Baroda

BARODA, July 6. Mrs. Hansa Mehta is coming to Baroda on July 12. The local students league is arranging a meeting on the day.

Mr. Achyut Patwardhan, the president of the Gujarat Youth Conference, is expected here on July 10 when there would be informal discussions with the local youths.—United Press.

BENGAL GOVT'S "NO"

CALCUTTA, July 6. In response to a query from the Calcutta University the Bengal

TASK BEFORE US

Rajen Babu And Sardar Patel To Speak At Congress House To-day

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee there will be a public meeting in the open compound of the Congress House, to-day (Tuesday), at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.), when Babu Rajendra Prasad will address on "Task Before Us." Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will preside.

Government have, it is learnt, refused to appoint at present any committee to consider the question of unemployment in this province.—United Press.

Find Of Revolver

LAHORE, July 6. A surprise raid made by the Police in the house of a Sikh Jat in a village in the Lahore district in connection with a theft case, has led to the unearthing of a six-chambered revolver. The Jat has been remanded to custody under the Arms Act.—United Press.

"DESH DARD" ISSUES PROSCRIBED

Sequel To Publication Of Gurdit Singh's Speech

LAHORE, July 6. The Punjab Government has proscribed the issues of the "Desh Dard," a Gurumukhi weekly of Amritsar, dated June 8, 15 and 22, 1936, in which the address delivered by Baba Gurdit Singh as Chairman of the Reception Committee at the Punjab Rajyitik Conference, held in Sirhalla Kalan in the district of Amritsar, has been reproduced, and all other documents containing the copies or translations of or extracts from the said address in the said issues, inasmuch as they contain matter the publication of which is punishable under sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act XXIII of 1931, read with Section 16-(D) of the Criminal Law Amendment Act XXIII of 1932.—United Press.

Women Have Won Right To Recognition NO DISCRIMINATION ON GROUND OF SEX

Congress President Blames Circumstances For Non-Inclusion In Cabinet

"The complaint about the indifference of the Working Committee towards the women's question seems to be hardly justified except in so far as men can seldom grow enthusiastic about such questions.

NO DISQUALIFICATION.

"It must be remembered that Congress has declared clearly in the Karachi Resolution and elsewhere, that there should be no disqualification on the ground of sex in exercise of any public function." Thus states Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, replying to the women's protest against their exclusion from the Congress Cabinet.

CIRCUMSTANCES BLAMED.

"Regarding the non-inclusion of women in the Working Committee I must take the full responsibility. I need hardly say that there was or could be any idea on my part or that of others to exclude women as such. But circumstances were such that inevitably my choice was limited by them.

TRADITION BROKEN.

"Even so, it was certainly possible for me to nominate a woman-member, but I decided to break the tradition in the hope that this would ultimately be good for women themselves. "The representation I have received, is itself a sign that some good has resulted from my decision."

ALLAHABAD: July 6.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, has issued the following statement through the "United Press":—

"I have received representations from a large number of Congress women from Gujarat, complaining against the indifference of the Congress Working Committee towards the questions affecting women. In particular, objection has been taken to the absence of any woman member in the present Working Committee.

"I welcome this representation, although it is partly directed against me as President of the Congress, as it is a healthy sign of the growing political life among our women-folk."

"Regarding the non-inclusion of women in the Working Committee I must take the full responsibility. I need hardly say that there was or could be any idea on my part or that of others to exclude women as such. But circumstances were such that inevitably my choice was limited by them. Even so, it was certainly possible for me to nominate woman-member, but I decided to break the tradition in the hope that this would ultimately be good for women themselves. The representation I have received, is itself a sign that some good has resulted from my decision."

KARACHI RESOLUTION.

"The complaint about the indifference of the Working Committee towards the women's question seems to be hardly justified except in so far as men can seldom grow enthusiastic about such questions. It must be remembered that Congress has declared clearly in the Karachi Resolutions and elsewhere, that there should be no disqualification on the ground of sex in exercise of any public function.

EQUAL STATUS.

"Women in India have won so far as Congress is concerned, the right for recognition of their equal status and civic rights which women of England had to carry on with great bitterness for generations before they succeeded. The door is thus open to them and it is for them to enter; but it seems that the long habit still makes them to rely on others' goodwill rather than on their own efforts. That goodwill is there already in a large measure and certainly they should seek to increase it. But ultimately, they will advance politically and socially by their own organised strength and not by seeking favour from others. "Politically they have already

ANGLO-TURKO SOVIET PACT

Favourable Progress Of Dardanelles Conference

MONTREUX, July 6.

The Dardanelles Conference resumed and began consideration of British amendments to the Turkish Draft Convention.

The amendments which are the outcome of Anglo-Turco-Soviet discussions at Geneva are understood to make concessions to the Turkish standpoint.

The proposals include the provision for equality of treatment to ships of all powers in war time, when the new proposal provides for the maintenance of a Straits Commission for specified and limited responsibilities.—Reuter.

extorted admiration of men of India by the gallant part they have taken in our freedom's struggle. But their task in the social field is far harder for as soon as they try to rid themselves of these heavy social burdens they come up against old customs and man's prejudices and interests. For this task they will have to rely on themselves alone though many of us, who have been their comrades politically will gladly continue to share with them the burden of social struggle also.

"PREMATURE."

"I have been asked to induce the Working Committee to appoint a special women's sub-committee to look after the women's interests and help to organise the Congress women. I would gladly approach the Working Committee with this request and I have no doubt that they would like to help. But it seems to me that such a committee would be a little premature at present and might lull the women themselves into thinking that other people were working on their behalf. The initiative and driving force of the women's movement must come from women themselves. If Congress women organise themselves their efforts will be welcomed by the Working Committee and every help will, I am sure, be forthcoming."—United Press.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Monday.

Rustom Byramji Sidha, a Customs clerk in the employ of Madhavji Thackersey Sons and Co., cloth importers, was sentenced by Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla at the Esplanade Court to-day to fifteen months rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 75, in default of 3 months' further imprisonment. Sidha was charged with criminal breach of trust as a servant, forging a Duty Bill, and using the forged document as genuine, on January 6 last, in respect of Rs. 375.

Sidha pleaded guilty and threw himself at the mercy of the Court.

He stated that some of his creditors pressed him in January last for money and he was tempted to misappropriate the amount.

He had two previous convictions on similar charges.

The magistrate sentenced him to 15 months' rigorous imprisonment, on each charge, and a fine of Rs. 75, in default of 3 months' rigorous imprisonment. The sentences were to run concurrently.

A novel way of getting at the alleged receiver of stolen property was adopted by the C. I. D. in the Nagdevi Street, burglary case.

While the residents were away, two men, it will be remembered, entered the room with the help of a duplicate key and removed ornaments valued at Rs. 4,000 on Friday evening.

The C.I.D. arrested Saifuddin Gulamali and Abbasbhai Mohamadal the same night.

The suspects made a statement on Saturday in which they are alleged to have stated that the property had been given to one Kikabhai Parbhudas employed in a firm at Tambha Kanta.

To recover the property, the police sent the two men along with one of the 'Panch' to the shop of Parbhudas.

Parbhudas grew suspicious at the presence of the stranger and refused to have knowledge of the property.

Some arguments followed and he agreed to see them at Gul-

wadi where he would pay money for the ornaments.

The C. I. D. were present at Gulawadi along with the suspects. When Parbhudas was taking out the money, the C. I. D. put him under arrest.

Some of the stolen property has been recovered by the C. I. D. from his house and shop.

He was placed before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla at the Esplanade Court and remanded.

The story of how a motor-driver, after knocking down a woman in a Bombay street, was alleged to have driven his car fast and escaped, was narrated in the City Coroner's court on Saturday at the resumed inquest on the body of Dagdibai Shanker (35), a coolie.

Dagdibai was knocked down by a motor-car driven by G. V. More on Tardeo Road on the night of June 26 last. She died on the way to hospital.

Shankar Sagaji, a pan shopkeeper, having his shop at Tardeo Road, said that on the night in question, he heard cries of "catch, catch, and take down the number." Witness turned to the direction from where the cries came and saw a motor car going fast along Tardeo Road towards Nana's Chowk. The car had no tail light and hence its number could not be taken.

Mr. C. J. Cursetji, a share-broker said that More was his driver. On the evening of June 26 witness had gone to the Willingdon Sports Club. Two hours later, he told his chauffeur to take the car to the garage at Queen's Road.

Next morning More had brought the car to witness's residence, but it was not working satisfactorily. Consequently, witness asked the driver to take it to a mechanic. On June 29, More informed witness about the accident, and Mr. Cursetji, in turn, gave information to the police.

The jury returned a verdict of accidental death, adding that there was no evidence to show that More was driving the car either in a rash or negligent manner.

IRRIGATION PROBLEMS OF INDIA

(Continued from page 9.)

150 crores, while the gross revenue is about 13 crores and the working expenses about 5 crores. The net revenue, therefore, on capital totals about 5½ per cent.

OTHER SCHEMES

Other schemes have been or are being drawn up, but many have been held up owing to lack of funds or because the anticipated financial return was not considered sufficient. In Burma and Madras three schemes involving the cultivation of rice are in abeyance owing to the low price of rice and the decision to incur no further expenditure for the time being on rice production.

Another great irrigation scheme pending is that for utilizing the waters of the Tungabhadra River in the Madras Presidency. This cannot be started before the dispute is settled about the sharing of the water of that river between Madras, Bombay and the Mysore and Hyderabad States.

In addition, work is continuing all the time, developing and perfecting existing schemes, adding each year to the yield of crops from these irrigated areas, which were until comparatively recently mainly barren or desert lands, and providing more and more employment for Indians.

Harijan Sevak Sangh At Thana

(From Our Special Correspondent.) The Harijan Sevak Sangh had a branch for the Thana District as also one for the Sasti Taluka. Neither of them was, however, functioning regularly, although local leaders are very keen on the removal of untouchability and a considerable amount of work has been done by individual workers. On Sunday last, Mr. B. G. Kher, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Harijan Sevak Sangh, paid a visit to Thana, where a

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APPEAL TO SET ASIDE NOTICE

"Money Seized Earned In Business"

A petition to set aside the notice served on Iqbal Singh Hundal by the Government of Bombay forfeiting to the Crown the sum of Rs. 4,434, was presented to the Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court on Friday by Mr. H. R. Pardiwala.

The Chief Judge is empowered under the Criminal Law Amendment Act, section 17-E (3), (Act XIV of 1908) to hear and decide an appeal from parties aggrieved by a notice served under the Criminal Law Amendment Act forfeiting to the Crown any property belonging to an accused person convicted under section 17 (1) and (2) of the Criminal Law Amendment Act.

Iqbal Singh was tried and convicted by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay for a term of two years rigorous imprisonment, for being a member of the Communist Party of India, an illegal organisation, and for issuing news sheets in furtherance of Communist activities in India.

In the petition it is stated that at the time of Iqbal Singh's arrest the sums of Rs. 4,200 and Rs. 234, were found in his possession and were seized by the police.

During the course of the trial of the petitioner before the Chief Presidency Magistrate the prosecution tried to establish that the said amounts were moneys received by the petitioner for illegal propaganda and activities in India.

The learned Chief Presidency Magistrate, in his judgment held that there was no evidence or proof to support the said contention. Thereafter an application was made by the Crown under section 617 of the Cr. P. C. for an order, confiscating the said amounts on the ground that the said money formed part of the Party money or money used for the furtherance of carrying on the propaganda of the Communist Party.

The Learned Chief Presidency Magistrate did not accept this contention and held that the said moneys "cannot be said to have been used for Communist Party propaganda," and further that it cannot be said that the money would be used for any unlawful purposes and rejected the application.

Notice on C. P. M.

The Crown thereupon served the Chief Presidency Magistrate with an order under Section 17(5) of the Criminal Law Amendment Act on June 8, prohibiting him from paying the said amount to the petitioner.

Educated in Canada.

The petitioner stated that he had gone to Canada when he was a boy and that he was educated in Canada and in the United States of America and holds the degree of B.Sc. of the Washington University.

After completing his education he carried on various businesses in Canada and was able to lay aside certain amounts out of the income of those businesses.

In 1932 the Petitioner had accumulated Rs. 8,000 and as

"STAGGERING" PROFITS FOR MANAGING AGENTS

(Continued From Page 9)

al profit in selling the assets on the basis of the expenditure incurred.

Assets Not Representing Value
Again the accounts would have enabled the public to see whether in the expenditure incurred any amount has been included in respect of any assets which do not represent value.

In this connection the Committee desire to inform the public that on inspection of the returns filed by the selling Companies for the year ended 31st March 1935 under the Indian Electricity Act it appeared that large amounts for deferred revenue expenditure brokerage, Electric Licenses etc., were included in the fixed capital expenditure of the Belgum and Bular undertakings as at that date.

In the absence of the accounts for the year ended 31st March 1936 it is difficult to know what amount in respect of the above items has been included in the sum of Rs. 7,75,000/- sought to be recovered from this Company.

If and amount in respect of these and other similar items is included in the sum of Rs. 7,75,000/- as is very likely, the price payable by the company would be inflated to that extent; by reason of the intangible character of such assets.

In the opinion of the Committee, this is a material point on which the subscribers should make inquiry in their own interests.

Remuneration of Managing Agents.

The prospectus contains the following statement:

"The remuneration payable to the Managing Agents consists of an allowance of Rs. 1,500/- per cent. commission on the net profits of the Company arrived at after deduction of working expenses and interest charges with a provision that such commission shall not be paid to the Managing Agents unless the Company declares not less than 5 per cent. dividend on ordinary shares."

The above statement is calculated to convey the impression that the managing agents would not be entitled to the commission unless a dividend of 5 per cent. is declared on the ordinary shares. On inspection of the agency agreement the Committee however find

re intended to study Indian conditions he returned to India in 1933 and had with him at that time Rs. 7,000. The moneys which the Government of Bombay intended to forfeit were the balance of Rs. 7,000 which belonged to him.

Hearing Adjourned.

The petitioner further submitted that there was no evidence in support of the contention that the said amounts were intended to be used for the purpose of unlawful association viz., the Communist Party of India as alleged by Government and are therefore not liable to forfeiture.

The Chief Judge postponed hearing of the application. Mr. H. R. Pardiwala with Mr. N. T. Shroff appeared for the petitioner.

that payment of commission has only been deferred and that there is an express provision entitling the managing agents to claim the unpaid commission as soon as the company declares a dividend of not less than 5 per cent in subsequent years.

Undesirable Powers.
It appears from the Company's Articles of Association that although the authorised capital of the Company is Rs. 15 lacs the Directors have been authorised to increase it upto Rs. 25 lacs without obtaining the shareholders' sanction in that behalf. On principle it is undesirable that the Directors should possess such power as it is likely to be abused as has been found in the case of several companies in the past.

The Committee also find that the Articles do not contain any provision entitling the Shareholders to obtain inspection of the Company's books and accounts by means of an ordinary resolution. Such power is usually granted to Shareholders by the Articles of Association. The result would be that if the Shareholders want to conduct an investigation into the affairs of the Company they will have to pass a special resolution which is very difficult as it requires a three-fourths majority in the first instance.

Refusal of Transfers.

The Committee find from the prospectus that the Company thinks of applying to the Bombay Stock Exchange for official quotation. They desire to point out that the Company's Articles do not comply with the requirements of the Stock Exchange. One of these requirements is that the Articles should not empower the Directors to refuse transfers of fully paid shares.

The Articles of this Company however authorise the Directors to refuse such transfers. In making these observations the Committee should not be understood to acquiesce in the absolute power of refusal granted to the Directors. They strongly object to this power but they do not wish to labour the point further as their views on the subject are well-known.

There are several provisions in the managing agency agreement which the Committee consider objectionable.

Objectionable Provisions

The provision with regard to the period of the agency which is fixed at 30 years and thereafter, the provision with regard to personal allowance which is nothing

but additional remuneration in another name, the provision authorising the managing agents to contract with the Company, the provision permitting the managing agents to assign their office with the Directors' approval, the provision entitling the managing agents to assign their remuneration and the provision about compensation on winding up are all open to objection.

The Committee do not consider it necessary to go into these matters as their views are well known to the public. There is however one provision in the agency agreement of which they desire to make special mention. This provision is to the effect that "on the removal under any law for the time being in force of the managing agents from office" they would be entitled to compensation equal to ten times the average personal allowance and commission.

The Committee do not understand the full implication of this provision. They do not understand how any managing agent

should be entitled to compensation if he is removed under any law. If the provision in question has been inserted with a view to forestall any of the provisions of the new Companies Bill the action of the managing agents is most regrettable.

In conclusion the Committee desire to appeal to the investing public to study the points mentioned herein before deciding to apply for the shares. Those who have already applied for them are entitled to withdraw their applications before allotments are made.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

No Meeting This Week

The Municipal Secretary writes: There will be no meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation this week.

GET MAGNESIA PROTECTION

clean your teeth THE PHILLIPS' WAY



Month acids cause tooth decay. Magnesia destroys these acids—protects the teeth—saves the gums. Phillips' Magnesia Tooth Paste and Phillips' Magnesia Tooth Powder both contain over 75% genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. Thus the "Phillips' Way" is the one effective way to protect your teeth as you clean them. Insist upon Phillips'—Paste or Powder—the powder is the one, venient after-top tin.

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GRAND GALA OPENING
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Kumar Movietone's Splendid Production
Directed by: **A. P. KAPOOR:**
A Delightful Picture that will linger long in your memory!



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JAL Merchant

in the greatest and sublimest role of his career

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Mind You — Be Prepared — It Comes

Next Saturday
At the
Wellington

CINEMA DHOBI TALAO.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

The following frequencies will be used:
GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97 m.) GSG
17.79 Mc/s (16.86 m.), GSF 15.14
Mc/s (19.82 m.).

- 7-30 Big Ben "Imperial Affairs",
by H. V. Hodson.
7-47 Harry Engelman's Quintet,
with Vernon Adcock (Xylo-
phone and Vibraphone).
8-15 "Island Story" A fantasia
on insular themes, composed
by Cedric Cliffe. Produced by
John Pudney.
8-45 Light Classical Concert. Elea-
nor Kaufman (Mezzo-Sopra-
no). The British String Trio:
Jessie Snow (Violin); Alan
Bartlett (Violin); Ernest
Tomlinson (Viola).
9-25 The News and Announce-
ments.
9-45 "Jill Comes Tumbling After".
Being the sixth and
the series of adventures of
Jack and Jill. Book and ly-
rics by Alec McGill; Music by
Jack Clarke. Production by
William MacLurg.
10-20 Dance Music.

Bombay Programmes

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1-0 Available Market Rates. Euro-
pean Lunch Hour Selections.
2-0 A Variety. Javanti Shah.
Bul-Bul-Tarang. Sonbai Mul-
gaokar. Vocal. S. Palekar.
Violin Solo.
6-0 Relay of Music from Capitol
Cinema.
6-30 A Light Orchestral program-
me. By The Radio Quartet.
Leader: Dominic Perella.
7-45 Talk: "Bombay Cricketers".
By Frank Tarrant.
8-0 John Watt and Henrik Ege.
Presents: "It seems only yes-
terday" Music by Harry S.
Pepper.
(A B. C. Recorded Program-
me)
9-0 p. m. News in English.
9-10 p. m. Commercial News and
News in Hindi.
9-30 p. m. A Concert by Saraswati-
bhai.
10-0 SB Assisted by V.U.B. Indian
Orchestra.

Calcutta Programmes

- VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s. 49.10
metres, 6,100 kc/s.
p. m.
12-38 SB. A Studio Programme by
Messrs. Taylor's Gramophone
Saloon. ("H.M.V." Recording).
Stokowski and Philadelphia
Orchestra. "Toccata and Fu-

gue in D Minor." Peter Daw-
son. McPherson's Farewell." Marek
Weber's Orchestra. "Chocolate
Soldier". Selection. The
Phoenix Theatre Orchestra.
"You were there"—Fox-trot.
"The Family Album"—Waltz.
Don George (Hawaiian).
"Song of the Islands." "My
Isle of Golden Dreams." "Rob-
ert Ashley (Baritone). "Bird
on the Wing". "With all my
Heart". Paul Whiteman's Or-
chestra. "When Day is Done."
"Manhattan Serenade." Cal-
cutta Weather Bulletin for
Oceancraft and Rivercraft (if
any).

- 1-36 Kathakata by Charu Krish-
na Vedantatirtha.
2-6 Sareegee Solo by Murari Mo-
han Misra.
2-26 Recorded Selections.
2-36 Talk: "Indian Mythological
Stories" by Bishnu Sarma.
5-36 Children's hour conducted
by Mejdidi. News and Notes.
5-51 Talk: "Australasia's Topsy-
turny Creatures".
6-11 Musical Selections.
6-26 Tit-bits.
6-36 Music Training for Beginners
by P. K. Mullick.
7-6 Instrumental Music. Haridas
Gangulay and Party—Mouth
Organ.
7-21 "On the Sea Beach"—Com-
posed and directed by Bani
Kumar. Music by S. Datta
Gupta.
7-51 SB News in English.
8-6 SB Classical Vocal Music by
Maya Devi.
8-21 S.B. Talk: "The Economic Pro-
blem of Bengal." By Amulya
Kumar Nag.
8-36 S. B. A religious song by U-
tara Devi.
9-51 S. B. Weather Forecast. Gene-
ral News Bulletin. Market
Prices. Jute and Gunny Clos-
ing Rates. (In Bengali).
9-6 SB A Choral and Orchestral
Concert from the Studio. Ar-
ranged and directed from by
the Rev. T. H. Croxall. Mus.
Bac.
10-6 SB Weather Forecast. 2nd
News Bulletin. Market Prices.
Jute and Gunny Clos-
ing Rates. (In English).
10-21 SB Dance Music (Recorded)
from the Studio.

Delhi Programmes

- VUD 340.136 metres, 882 kc/s.
a. m.
8-0 Arti by A. I. R. Orchestra.
(Chorus).
8-10 Zawwar Haidar. "Kare bad-
arwa ne gher lai aj". (Bas-
sati Des).
8-20 Karim Husain of Jaipur.
"Gawan ki rat sakhi Bhaorain



Members of the Athletic Team of the Hanuman Vyayam Shala of Amraoti taking refreshments at a social at Krishna Cinema, under the presidency of Dr. Deshmukh.

- kans men baeth rahi".
(Thumri Bhaivini).
8-30 Gaothar Bal of Jaipur. Thum-
ri Jogi.
8-45 Talk (Hindustani): "Success
in Business". By Brahma-
nand.
9-0 Karim Husain. "Ari mero
nain chandait tu palndo".
(Khayal Desi).
9-15 Master Jiwan. (Clarinet)—
Gat Jonpuri.
9-20 Zawwar Haidar. "Marghub
muh ko saqi dil se wuhl sabu
hai. Pina haram jiska be
ghusl be wuzu hai".
9-30 Haidar Husain Saraswati Vee-
na—Billawal.
9-40 Karim Husain. "Naina lage
sulke pariyan se bans charli
ban ki kailyon se". (Tappa
Zilla).
9-50 Gohar Bal of Jaipur. "Al-
lah Allah re parishani miri
Zulf-i-janan bhi hai diwani
miri". (Dagh).

- p. m.
1-0 Time Signal. Indian Recorded
Music.
6-0 Time Signal. A.I.R. Orchestra.
Dhani.
6-10 Zawwar Haidar. "Lago mora
dhan sayan sanware salune
se". (Dadra Pili).
6-20 1st News Bulletin. (Hindustani).
6-30 "1st News Bulletin" (English).
6-40 Karim Husain. Gond Malhar.
6-50 Sabir. Sarangi.—Sarangi.
6-52 Sardar Violin.—Bhim.
6-54 Ghulam. Dhruba.—Flu.
6-56 Haidar. Sitar.—Kafi.
6-58 Jiwan. Clarinet.—Sindhre.
7-0 Mukerji. Sarod.—Multani.
7-2 Malang. Sur Bahar.—Mian
ki Todli.
7-4 A.I.R. Orchestra. Puria Dha-
nari.
7-8 Gohar Bal. "Shab tum jo
bazzam-i-ghair men ankhen
chura gaye Khoo gaye ham
ese keh aghyar pa gaye". (Mo-
min).
7-20 Malang Khan Vichitra Veena
—Mianki Malhar.
7-30 Zawwar Haidar. (a) "Mora
salyan sotanian ke (war ga-
yeori)". (Thumri). (b) "Tho-
kar laga ke murdon ko tum
ne jila diya. Ijaz-i-Iswi ka
tamasha dikha diya".
7-45 "For Villagers Only".
8-45 Talk. (Hindustani): "The
Rainy Season in Delhi." By
Khawaja Abdul Maleed.
9-0 Karim Husain. "Sajan surjan
binan ghari na rahungi
sangwa ne Ohnado mora
juaam juaam ke." Thumri
Tilak Kamod.
9-10 Gaothar Bal (a) Mand (b)
Malhar.
9-25 Karim Husain. "Meep kaen
alon bhogawa kare hun kar
nonandia." Khayal Sughrat.
9-35 Gaothar Bal. (a) "Jan par
khela hun main mera jigar
dekha Ji na rahe ya rahe
muh ko idhar dekha." (Mir
Dard). (b) Dadra.
9-45 2nd News Bulletin. (Hindustani).
10-0 2nd News Bulletin. (English).
10-15 Talk. (English): "Earth-
quakes in India". By A. M.
Herdon.
10-30 Instrumental Concert, by
Peter Mendoza and his Band.

- 7-20 Malang Khan Vichitra Veena
—Mianki Malhar.
7-30 Zawwar Haidar. (a) "Mora
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10-0 2nd News Bulletin. (English).
10-15 Talk. (English): "Earth-
quakes in India". By A. M.
Herdon.
10-30 Instrumental Concert, by
Peter Mendoza and his Band.

THE LEAGUE TABLE UP TO DATE

Teams.	P.	W.	D.	L.	F.	For	Agst.	Pts.
Parel Sporting	5	4	1	0	7	0	9	
Goans United	6	4	1	1	13	2	9	
D.L.I. Followers	4	3	1	0	7	1	7	
Haverro F. C.	5	3	1	1	10	3	7	
Mahim Sports	6	2	2	2	8	4	6	
Rainbow F. C.	6	3	0	3	6	7	6	
G. S. M. College	3	2	1	0	9	0	5	
Bengal Club	4	1	3	0	4	2	5	
Bholwada Cross	4	1	3	0	4	1	5	
King's Circle	5	2	0	3	7	7	4	
Kanara Saraswat	5	0	2	3	2	14	2	
Matunga United	7	0	1	6	0	14	1	
Khatu Sports	6	0	0	6	0	22	0	

ENLISTMENT OF PARSIS

VOTERS

Work To Continue

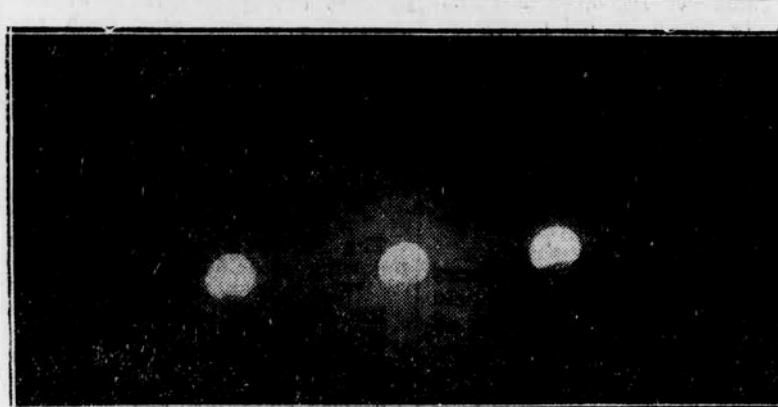
At a meeting of the Executive of the Parsi Voters Enrolment Committee, it was resolved to continue its efforts to enrol all eligible Parsis, whose names might have been left out of the preliminary roll which will be published on August 11. The Committee, has been able to have 18,000 new names registered, and appeals to the Parsi community for further subscriptions, as those already received have proved to be insufficient to pay for the expenses already incurred. The Committee states that about 14,000 women voters have been enrolled during the last three weeks. It believes, however, that about 2,000 eligible women still remain to be registered as voters. Moreover, a large number of Parsi matriculates are believed to have been left out, and the Committee feels that efforts should be made to get them enrolled at the next opportunity before the revising authorities.

SIRE OF MAHMOUD SOLD BY AGA KHAN

Goes To American Syndicate For £45,000

GENEVA, July 5
The 1930 Derby winner Blenheim has been sold to an American Syndicate for £45,000 to £50,000.

The Aga Khan interviewed by Reuters explained that he already had plenty of Blenheim's progeny coming on, including Mahmoud, this year's Derby winner.—Reuters.



Three phases of the Lunar Eclipse taken at Bombay on Saturday night.

Bengal Club Cup League Matches PAREL SPORTING REMAINS UNBEATEN

Two games were decided on Saturday in excellent weather condition. In the first game the Medicos had an easy victory over the Matunga United who were defeated by 5 goals to nil.

During the second half the game was rather dull and was mostly confined in the Matunga territory. The third goal was notched by Alixis, while Paranjpe was responsible for the last two goals.

THE RESULT.

G. S. M. College	5 goals
Matunga United	nil

A DRAWN GAME

The second game provided some good football when the Parel Sports had to be satisfied with sharing points with Goans United.

THE RESULTS.

Parel Sporting	Nil
Goans United	Nil

MAHIM PLUCKY FIGHT

On Sunday two more games in the League were played. Mahim in the first game had the better of the Kanara Saraswat in exchanges but failed to force a win.

THE RESULT.

Mahim Sports	1 goal
Kanara Saraswat	1 goal

KING'S CIRCLE TROUNCED

In the second game, Haverro was the better of the two and left the field victorious defeating the King's Circle by 3 goals to one.

THE RESULT

Haverro F.C.	3 Goals.
King's Circle	1 Goal.

Glands Made Active and Youthful Vigour Restored In 24 Hours

American Doctor's Discovery Strengthens Blood, Nerves, Body, Memory, Brain, Muscles, and Endurance—Better Than Gland Operations.



Thanks to the discovery of an American Doctor, it is now possible for those who feel prematurely old, Run-down and Worn-out, to experience again the thrill of Youthful Vigour, Ambition and Vitality. This great discovery, which is a simple home treatment and can be used secretly by anyone quickly brings a surplus of vitality and an ability to enjoy the pleasures of life.

No longer is it necessary for you to suffer from Loss of Vigour and Manhood, Weak Memory and Body, Nervousness, Impure Blood, Sickly Skin, Depression and Poor Sleep. Instead you merely take this simple home treatment a few days and you will find that your Vigour is restored. No matter what your age, you will find that your gland activity and nerve force is increased and restored. You will find youthful physical power in this discovery, which builds rich, pure blood and literally makes your body tingle with new energy and vitality. This simple home treatment is in pleasant easy-to-take tablet form and thousands who have used it say that it is far better than any other method.

Works in 24 Hours

This new medical discovery, known as Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, has been tested by thousands in America and has achieved results that seem almost miraculous. It has conquered obstinate cases that had defied all other treatment. It has rescued the young from premature old age and debility. It has made older men as good as new. It has brought happiness beyond all price to thousands who believed that they were old, worn-out, and finished with the joys of life. And the beauty of this remarkable discovery is that it brings results so quickly. In 24 hours you can see and feel a tremendous improvement and within one week it will literally make you a new man.

Doctors Praise Vi-Tabs

Doctors in America, and in many other countries too, say that the Vi-Tabs formula is marvelous for those who are old before their time, Run-down, and Worn-out. For instance Dr. T. A. Ellis, of Canada, recently wrote: "Not only does this formula enrich the blood supply of red corpuscles, but it likewise activates the gland system. This is fol-

lowed by renewed energy and ambition, particularly gratifying to men and women in middle or older ages. And a widely known Italian doctor, Dr. N. G. Giannini, recently wrote: "Tired-out, Frail and Shrunken bodies sorely need the established system building influence of this formula, which works its splendid effects upon the blood, glands, nerves and liver—improves appetite and brings greater strength to weak, nervous, run-down people."

Guaranteed To Work

Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are not an experiment. This simple home treatment, which can be used with absolute security, is the prescription of an American doctor. It is amazingly successful and is giving new youth, vitality, and energy to millions in America. Because of its remarkable success, Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are now distributed by chemists here under a guarantee of complete satisfaction. For this reason you should not experiment with questionable drugs which may be drastic and irritating to the delicate gland and nervous system. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs not only have proved their sterling worth by helping millions of sufferers, but are guaranteed in your own particular case. Put Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs to the test. See for yourself how much younger, stronger, and more vigorous you can feel with this doctor's prescription. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must bring you a new feeling of energy and vitality and be entirely satisfactory or you simply return the empty package and it costs nothing up to the guarantee. You are the sole judge of your own satisfaction. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and lasts eight days. As the guarantee full protects you, you should get your treatment immediately so that you too will know what it is to feel 10 to 20 years younger and full of vigour and vitality. If your chemist fails to supply you with the genuine Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, do not take chances with any imitation or substitute.



Has Saved Millions of Lives? UNRIVALLED and RENOWNED FOR 60 YEARS

Batliwalla's Mixture

For Malaria, Influenza, Plague and all Sorts of Fevers.

SOLD BY ALL STORES, GROCERS and CHEMISTS.

Sole Selling Agents:— P. M. Patni & Co., Princess Street, BOMBAY 2.
Tel. Address:—Ligature. Tel. Address:—Cawashabad.

BANKING FACILITIES of every DESCRIPTION

With a net work of Branches and Agencies in all centres of commercial and industrial importance in South India coupled with an unrivalled knowledge of local conditions this Bank offers exceptional facilities and far-reaching service in every phase of modern Banking Business. Helpful and up-to-date information supplied on problems relating to your trade with South India.

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THE TRAVANCORE NATIONAL BANK LTD

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AMRITDHARA
The Health Charmer
Price Rs. 2-5-0 per phial
Sample 0-8-0 only.

It cures as if by magic. It has properties which make it infallible in almost all diseases, external or internal, acute or chronic, diagnosed or not it prevents infection and kills germs. It is sure cure for all ailments of the digestive system viz.—Indigestion, Nausea, Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Dyspepsia, Cold, Malaria, Influenza. It kills all aches and pains neuralgic or muscular and is the best first-aid.

Also obtainable in: OINTMENT SOAP, BALM, and LOZENGES.

MANAGER, Amritdhara Pharmacy, Amritdhara Buildings, Amritdhara Road, Amritdhara Post Office, Lahore.
Post & Tele Address: AMRITDHARA 27, LAHORE.
Sole Agents for Bombay Presidency: CHIMANLALL P. SHAH, Princess Street.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL

ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Ashad Vadi 3, 1992
Muslim: Ravi-ul-akkar 17, 1355
Parsi: Behman 3, 1965
Fighting: 1-10, 13-51
Lowtide: 7-45, 20-42
Sunrise: 6h. 6m.
Sunset: 7h. 20m.

Results of B.H.Y. M.D., M.S., LL.M., D.O. and M. Com. Examinations, University Buildings, 2 p.m.
Improvements Committee, 4-10 p.m.
Rajen Babu's address on "Task Before Us", at Congress House, 6-30 p.m.

Wednesday, July 8.

Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.
"Common Jurors" attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

S. I. FREE DISPENSARY.
The number of patients treated in the S. I. Dispensary, Bombay, for 20 days since its opening in the month of June last, was as under:—377 (including 361 men, 22 women and 54 children).

RAHMATULLA DISPENSARY.
The number of new patients treated at the Rahmatulla Dispensary, for the week ended 27th June 1936 was 200; of these 140 were males and 60 females.

MASKATI DISPENSARY.
The number of out-patients treated in the Maskati Dispensary, at the Mahomedally Rahmatulla Dispensary, at Sandhurst Road for the week ended 27th June 1936 was 200; of these 140 were males and 60 females.

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY.
An Ordinary Meeting of the Society will be held in the rooms of the B. B. Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, Bombay on Wednesday, (8th inst.) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) when a paper will be read on "Early Life amongst the Unfortunates of Bombay," by Mr. B. H. Mehta.

THE EXCELSIOR

At 6-30 & 10 P.M.

"PHOTOPLAY'S" BEST PICTURE OF THE MONTH



Adventure Gay and Audacious!
LOVE ON A SEAT
GENE RAYMOND, WENDY BARRIE
HELEN BRODERICK
Directed by LEIGH JARVIS

REGAL

DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

H. G. WELLS'

Amazing Prophecy

"THINGS TO COME"

(100 years from now!)
A man and a woman of our time... A man and woman of the future... will their problems be the same?

Also
All-Colour Mickey-Mouse
Entitled "ORPHANS' PICNIC"

CAPITOL

Daily at 6-30 & 10 p.m.

SYDNEY HOWARD

In British and Dominions'

WHERE'S GEORGE?

A RIOT OF LAUGHTER

AMUSEMENTS

OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"Love on a Seat." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Things to Come." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Maha Maya." Daily at 3-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Where's George?" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Whisper." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"The Trail of the Lonesome Pine." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Pie-in-the-Sky." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Matlabi Dunia." Time as usual.

GLOBE—"Storm over the Andes." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Millionaire." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Amar Jyoti." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Jewana Naiya." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
ROYAL OPERA—"The Man with Two Faces." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10-40 p.m.
PLAZA—"The Informer." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Holy Crime." Daily at 5, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PALACE—"First a Girl." Time as usual.

EDWARD—"Half Shot at Sunrise." Time as usual.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' CONFERENCE.
A public meeting of the students of Bombay will be held to-day (Tuesday), at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall French Bridge, Chowpatty, at 6-30 p.m. when Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will inaugurate the popularising the coming Bombay Students' Conference.

INDIAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY.
Under the auspices of the Indian Chemical Society, Bombay Section, a meeting will be held to-day (Tuesday), at the Royal Institute of Science, at 6 p.m. when Dr. S. S. Joshi of the University of Benares will deliver a lecture on "Chemical reactivity due to electric discharge."

POSTAL NOTICES.
Registered and Unregistered Mails for Colombo, the Straits Settlements, Hongkong, Shanghai and Japan per S. S. "Kaiser-i-Hind" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 p.m. and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 9th instant.
Supplementary Registered and Unregistered Mails for Mauritius and Reunion per Extra S. S. "Mundra" via Madras, Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 p.m. and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Tuesday the 7th instant.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Dr. B. P. Bivale will meet his students in Psychology to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. in the University Buildings, South Wing, Fort.

Rev. Fr. H. Llorens will meet his students in Spanish to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. in the St. Xavier's College, Cricklebank Road.

Prof. B. M. Mehta will meet his students in French to-day, at 6-30 p.m. in the Wilson College Chappatty. Mrs. Vesugar will meet her students in "Renaissance" to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. in the University Bldgs. South Wing.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

Clan Line Steamer Clan Alpine arrived in London on the 4th morning. Clan Line Steamer Clan Maclean left Liverpool on the 3rd evening. Steamer Clan Macphie arrived at Suez Thursday evening July 2.

The outward P and O Mail Steamer "Kaiser-i-Hind" with the Mail from London of 25th ultimo arrived at Aden at 8 a.m. on the 5th instant and left there at 1 p.m. the same day.

In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 7 p.m. on Thursday, the 9th instant.

The "Kaiser-i-Hind" will sail from Ballard Pier for China and Japan at midnight the same day.

STUD BULL PRESENTED TO SUBURBAN RYOTS.

(From Our Correspondent.)

ANDHERI, July 6.
The cattle improvement campaign has been gaining momentum here and at the annual Darbar of village officers which was held at Gazdar Hall, Andheri, last evening it was announced that Mr. Caesar D'Mello the president of Ville Parle Municipality had presented to the ryots a bull specially selected from Bombay. Gourakshak Mandal's live stock at Kandivli and that Dr. D. A. D'Monte had sent a donation of Rs. 250 to be used for cattle improvement.

MOGAVEERA VYAVASTHAPAKA MANDALI

The Thirty-third Anniversary Celebration of the Mandal and the Prize Distribution Function of the Mogaveera Free Night School (conducted by the Mandal) will be held at the C. J. Hall on Sunday, 26th inst. The following persons constitute the Managing Committee for the year 1936-37:

Trustees:—Messrs. C. A. Master, S. B. Kulkarni, H. S. Mandon, K. B. Karkera, and B. A. Karkera.
President:—Mr. H. K. A. Kunderan, D. Com. I.M.C. (Bom) F.C.I. (Lond).
Vice-President:—Mr. S. R. Kunder, Hon. Secretary:—Messrs. V. B. Karkera and S. K. Mendon.
Hon. Treasurers:—Messrs. C. P. Karkera.

HIGH COURT SESSIONS STARTS

30 Criminal Cases Including 9 Of Murder, On Calendar

BOMBAY, Monday.
The third Criminal Sessions of the High Court commenced to-day. Mr. Justice Sen presiding.

There are 30 cases on the calendar in which 35 persons figure as the accused.

There are nine cases of murder, while the others are of miscellaneous offences.
In one of these Harold St. John Berry (40), a European is charged with bigamy and concealment of the fact of a former marriage.

ALLEGED DEFAMATION

Case Against City Editor And Printer Postponed

Mr. B. F. Bhargava and Mr. E. R. Hirjibehdin, editor, printer and publisher of the "Kaiser-i-Hind," a Gujarati weekly, appeared before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalwalla at the Esplanade Court, Bombay, on Monday to answer the charge of defamation brought against them by Mr. F. K. Dadachanjli.

The complainant stated that he was regarded as one of the leaders of the orthodox section of the Parsi community. He held certain views about the Zoroastrian religion and Parsi Society, its customs and traditions, considered orthodox by majority of the Parsis.

Both the accused held opposite views in certain important matters regarding the Zoroastrian religion and the Parsi Society and those holding such views were known in the community as "Reformists." The complainant stated that he was against Juddin Navjotes, and "Juddin" marriages. He alleged that Mr. Hirjibehdin was "most hostile to him" and had harassed and persecuted him. For several years past, he had the alleged, carried on a campaign of vilification and ridicule against him because he was one of the prominent exponents of the orthodox views.

The complainant referred to certain passages in the issue of the "Kaiser-i-Hind" dated March 8, 1936 and said that the allegations were false and unfounded and were such as to lower him in the esteem of the public.

When the case came up for hearing, Mr. Dadachanjli said that he had been in public life for over 25 years and that he did not object to legitimate criticisms of his views. He read out certain passages from the "Kaiser-i-Hind" and alleged that those passages were calculated to lower him in the esteem of the public.

After some arguments, the case was adjourned to July 23.

PROPERTIES IN TRIPOLI TO BE RESTORED

The Royal Consul General for Italy, Bombay, writes, the Governor of Libya, has issued a Decree in Tripoli by which properties which were confiscated are to be restored to natives and the region of Tobruk and Jefren who did not directly participate in the revolt against Italy.

By a further Decree similar benefit will also be extended to the regions of Garian.

Dr. G. R. Dongre is proposing to start shortly instructions on the therapeutical and physical culture sides of Yoga in Nagpur. Patients will be treated for their sufferings through the Yogic methods and students will be taken up for physical culture training.

(Continued from Col. 7)

elect. It would not be out of place to remind the Bori Bunder scribe that the people whom it has been supporting all these years have done nothing but snap their fingers at the electorate after being elected and those who have stood on Congress ticket have proved times without number that they stand for the rights of the electorate and fight for them in the Legislatures and not walk into the Government lobby against the interests of the country, as its proteges have done and are doing. It is a bit late in the day for the "Times of India" to talk about democratic government and all that, having been the staunchest supporter of the undemocratic methods of Government.

By Ordinance, Congress was just waiting for its advance and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel remarked that the Congress should immediately summon the meeting of the A.I.C.C. or the Congress session and abolish the Parliamentary Board and take advice from the "Times of India" as to how it should conduct the election campaign and what rules and regulations it should frame for the good conduct of the party members! That possibly might please the "Times of India."

AMARNATH MAY RETIRE FROM CRICKET

Punished For Minor Display Of Temper

"I am finished with cricket. In future I will concentrate on lawn tennis," declared Amarnath whom I found in a corner of the salon looking a picture of misery writes a special correspondent on board the S.S. "Kaiser-i-Hind" to "The Sunday Statesman."
Invited to tell me the story behind his dismissal, he was reluctant to talk because he is reserving a full statement for the Indian Cricket Control Board. He described the culminating scene in the pavilion at Lord's adding: "I am absolutely heartbroken at the treatment meted out to me. My crime, whatever view is taken does not deserve the staggering punishment of my peremptory return to India."

I admit I was indiscreet but the fault was a minor display of temper of a type which must often be seen in the pavilion in English county cricket.

"Two things I wish to make clear. Firstly, I emphatically deny I sent a message or made any communication to anybody elsewhere, criticizing Vizianagram's captaincy. I have been blamed for disloyalty to the captain. This is entirely untrue."

"Secondly, I deny using bad language in the pavilion at Lord's. I spoke in Punjabi to members of the team, not to the Captain, who, anyway, does not understand Punjabi."

Amarnath told me that Vizianagram became cool and unfriendly towards him after the Leicester match when Amarnath, who was bowling, asked Vizianagram to change his (Vizianagram's) position in the field. Vizianagram refused to do so, and there were unpleasant words during the game.

Hitherto Amarnath had opened the bowling for India, but subsequently he was relegated to third to fourth change bowler.

INCIDENT AT LORD'S

Coming to the Lord's incident, Amarnath said he was annoyed because he was relegated to seventh in the batting list and was sent in to bat ten minutes before the close of play.

On his return to the pavilion he flung down his pads and boots and declared: "I am fed up of this type of cricket. I am not used to being messed about in this way."

He was not aware when he said this that Vizianagram had understood his remarks, but next day in the hotel Vizianagram sent for him and informed him that his passage had been booked to India and that he was to sail the next day in the "Kaiser-i-Hind."

Senior members of the team had urged Vizianagram to change his mind but he declined to reconsider his decision.

Amarnath insists that though there was jealousy and dissatisfaction among certain members of the team, he never voiced any opinion outside regarding the captain's methods.

He added "This is a terrible blow because I love playing for India. Both against Cambridge and Yorkshire I played although suffering from injuries because it was for my country."

INDIAN TEAM FOR OLYMPIC

B. P. C. C. Organises Public Reception

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee a public reception will be accorded to the batch of Indian young men proceeding to Berlin to take part in the Olympic Congress to-morrow (Wednesday), at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the Congress House.

The Indian Team has been organised by the Easunam Vyayam Prasarak Mandal of Amraoti in collaboration with the Indian Olympic Association. The team will exhibit Indian indigenous games and plays. All are cordially invited to attend and give a hearty send off to the Indian Olympic Team.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will preside and prominent leaders will address.

Before a record crowd, a wrestling match was held under the patronage of the Maharajahadhiraja Bahadur of Darbhanga on Friday.
Chandraj beat the Rumanian Champion, Arnold Koscis, in three minutes.
The German Champion, Edmond von Krammer, accepted defeat after forty minutes by Puran Singh, the Darbhanga State wrestler.

CHINESE OLYMPIC FOOTBALLERS

Will Meet Bombay Team In Exhibition Match On Wednesday

As it is now definite that the Chinese Olympic Football Team will play an exhibition match in Bombay on Wednesday next, the W. I. F. A. Ltd., have selected the following team to meet them:—

Goal: Edden (Bombay Gymkhana), right back: Meadows (Somerset), leftback: Wes (3rd Field Brigade), right half: Owen (Transit Section), centre half: Bradford (3rd Field Brigade), left half: Middle ditch (Somerset), outside right: Godfrey (3rd Field Brigade), inside right: D. McHugh (Bombay City), centre forward: Bourke (B. A.), inside left: King (Transit Section), outside left: Baines (Durham).

Reserves: Hutchinson (Transit Section), Ramchandra (Y. M. C. A.), Leonard (Bombay City), Dadu (B. B. & C. I. Railway), Welton (R. A.), Butcher (Bombay Gymkhana) and Granger (Somerset).

A STRONG COMBINATION

The team as composed is a fairly strong side and may be depended upon to give a worthy fight to the Chinese visitors. In the absence of an appreciable number of first rate, not to talk of brilliant players among the civilians, the team was bound to be mainly a military side. It is reliably understood that all selectors racked their brains pretty hard to put in as many civilians, including Indians of course, as possible. But with the exception of Edden of the Gymkhana and D. McHugh of the City they could not think of any other outstanding player who could safely replace his military rival in the team. The possibility of a wet ground was also considered which placed the barefooted Indians at a further disadvantage. However, two of them have found places in the reserve and two more civilians are in the list.

THE GATE CHARGES

For the convenience of office-goers the match has been timed to commence at 5-50 p.m. by what time they are expected to get away from their offices without much difficulty. The gate charges have been fixed for the day as follows:—

Members' Stand: Members Rs. 2-4; non-members Rs. 3-6; Committee Stand Rs. 5; public stand Rs. 1-2; East Side 9 annas; South side 4 annas. Booking is now open to the public.

A CHAMAR YOUTH FOR OLYMPIC GAMES

Master Nardekar Leaves For Berlin This Week

(From A Correspondent.)

Master Govind L. Nardekar who has been selected a member of the Indian batch of athletes to participate in the Olympic Games to be held in Berlin next month, comes from the Chamar community (Harjan). He was born in 1916 of very poor parents and although his father was in great financial stringency and could make two ends meet with the greatest difficulty, he did not neglect his son's education. After having passed Marathi fourth standard, his father sent him to



Master Nardekar

English school. His further studies were mainly due to his brilliancy and good manners which earned for him the Government scholarship. This enabled him to prosecute his studies in the Gokale Educational Society while his boarding and lodging was helped for by Mr. Kalyanpurkar. Thus he passed his matriculation this year.

While in school Master Nardekar proved to be a good sportsman and Dr. Kalyanpurkar seeing this gave him training in the Bombay Gymnastic Institute from whence he has been selected for the Olympic Games.

A meeting is being organised by Mr. Narayanrao S. Kajrolker, President of the Rohidas Balmitra Mela, at 8 p.m. on Thursday to present a purse and wish Master Nardekar "bon-voyage."

IN AND AROUND BOMBAY

(FROM OUR STAFF CORRESPONDENTS)

"Congress Fascism"!

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has described in his book how the same word "Democracy" means two different things to some persons. It has one meaning if it is expressed in connection with India and it has absolutely another meaning if it is expressed in connection with any country west of Suez Canal. One can easily understand the Pandit, if one only reads the leading article of the "Times of India" on Monday morning. A well-disciplined party of the people, which cares for the good of the people and has drafted rules and regulations for the good conduct of the members of the Party, is termed as tending towards "Fascism." But similar rules and regulations for members of the different parties in Britain do not constitute Fascism, but mean party discipline and are necessary restrictions for the proper conduct of the Party. What a difference between Free England and India in bondage! The very same Anglo-Indian paper, which is notorious for its anti-Congress—hence anti-Indian—propaganda, tried its best to bring into existence some party to oppose the Congress in the

coming elections. The Party was to have come into existence long ago. It is still in the stage of "Cominz. Cominz." and wait for the opening date, and one can be sure that it is never going to come. That is the reason why the "Times of India" has been silent on the question of a new Party for the last few days. Now that the Congress has begun its election campaign in right earnest, the paper is very angry with itself and its proteges and the result is the talk of "Congress Fascism."

Panicky

The people of India and the world know what the Congress stands for and what it has been doing. The Congress is the nation and people in India do not need to be told by an Anglo-Indian paper as to what is good for India and what is not as it has always looked at things from the point of view of what is good for Britain. Again, it has become panicky about the possibility of Congressmen accepting offices. That certainly would be fatal to the cause for which it stands. It says that Congress representatives would snap their fingers at the electorates as soon as they are

(Continued in Col. 3.)

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN.)

The annual Darbar of the village officers was held on Sunday evening at Guddar Hall, Andheri and was taken advantage of by Khan Bahadur Shaikh Mohiuddin, the District Deputy Collector to popularise the cattle improvement scheme inaugurated by the Viceroy on his arrival to India. Nearly 60 Patels and Talatis, besides several local agriculturists, were present.

Great interest was added to this function by Mr. Caesar D'Mello, the President of the Ville Parle Municipality by presenting a pedigree bull to the ryots in the district.

After the formalities of the darbar were over, Mr. C. N. Dave, Inspector for Live Stock Improvement, Bombay Presidency spoke on the improvement of live stock and dairying.

Khan Bahadur Shaikh Mohiuddin then said that this church have already completed their plans for erecting a very big church for the fast growing population, who take advantage of flocking to this church which is centrally situated rather than go to their parish churches. I hope the Archbishop of Bombay will grant immediate permission for the building of this church.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JULY 7, 1936

THE CONGRESS CALL

The appeal issued by the Congress Parliamentary Committee calling upon the people to support the Congress at the next general elections marks the beginning of the Congress election campaign, and the campaign is begun not a day too soon. The Committee itself points out that the work before it is stupendous, that over two thousand seats are to be contested for the various provincial legislatures, that about thirty million voters have got to be tackled and that several other parties have already started their campaigns in right earnest. It must be noted that the Congress has not been idle during the last few weeks. In every province it has led the Perfect Roll Campaign and has thereby served the country without any reference to its own special claims. It is now time it entered upon a distinctive election campaign with a distinctive election manifesto.

Support Congress

The manifesto will soon be issued by the All-India Congress Committee and will, of course, be detailed enough to give the voters a clear idea as to what the Congress representatives will do in the legislatures, though there is the possibility of the question of office being decided by the next Congress session in December. Meanwhile, as the Congress Parliamentary Committee points out, "the country knows what the Congress has stood for during all these years of struggle and sacrifice. Moreover, the Lucknow session has laid down that the manifesto should be in consonance with the past resolutions of the Congress on political, economic and other questions, and these resolutions are well-known. With regard to the general trend of the Congress policy in the legislatures, it will, as everybody knows, be calculated to compel the Government to withdraw the present Constitution in favour of one formulated by a Constituent Assembly. This, indeed, will be the most important distinctive feature of the Congress manifesto. Thus in the light of the well-known policy of the Congress, a vast number of voters will continue to support Congress candidates on trust. But it is desirable to use the elections as an opportunity to make fresh converts to the Congress policy. It is, therefore, to be hoped that the Congress election manifesto will be eminently fitted for this purpose and will also be available without any avoidable delay.

Gross Misrepresentation

The thoroughness with which the Congress is going about its

election propaganda and the memories of its past election successes have naturally much perturbed the reactionaries, as represented by a paper like the "Times of India." Duly impressed by the soundness of the Congress election machinery and fully aware that under its discipline the Congress Party in the legislatures will be more formidable than ever before, our contemporary has already begun its inevitable campaign of misrepresentation. Disciplinary provisions like those devised by the Congress Parliamentary Committee, requiring a Congress candidate to carry on his election propaganda in accordance with specified instructions and generally to stick to the Party manifesto and conform to Party discipline are to be found in all well-organised parties. The "Times of India's" description of the Congress Party's rules as "Fascist-like restrictions" is a piece of gross misrepresentation. The essence of Fascism is the coercion of the many by the few. But where is coercion in the Congress election machinery? If certain persons deliberately choose the Congress Party and its discipline, devised in its own interests, that cannot be called coercion. The "Times of India" makes capital of the wholesome disciplinary rule of the Congress Party requiring a number to resign, if called upon to do so by a competent authority, calls it an "extraordinary" provision and says: "Legislative members may also at any time have to resign not because either they or their constituencies desire them to do so, but because they get their marching orders from an outside authority. In other words, Congress representatives will be responsible not to their constituents but to an extraneous body. This seems to us the very negation of democracy. The principle of democratic government is that the electors should influence and ultimately control the actions of the legislature." This is very bad logic, to put it mildly. When the voters of their own accord return a candidate, knowing beforehand that thereafter he will be under the discipline of his party it only means that they identify themselves with the party. The party then is hardly an outside authority and the elector's ultimate control remains, as delegated to the party. These things are obvious to voters, who will continue to identify themselves with the Congress and will regard Congress mandates as their own. They will hardly be taken in by the familiar campaign of misrepresentation of the Congress.

Helping The Outlaw

So far as the League is concerned the Abyssinian affair is "closed" and liquidated whatever the moral wrong of its action. It will be noted that the League quite summarily rejected not only the Abyssinian request for a loan but also the proposal to declare non-recognition of "any annexation obtained by force." It had neither the courage nor the decency to do anything but take refuge behind vague generalities, reaffirming the Covenant that it was simultaneously betraying. There is nothing shocking or surprising in it, since the resolution passed by the League is merely the final culmination of an open and blatant conspiracy of the most reprehensible betrayal in modern international history. But it is profoundly regrettable, for it marks the end of the League, throws smaller nations on the mercy of Big Powers and the world on the mercy of rival alliances which mean force and war. Even the Press of a country like France confesses to a sense of pessimism. And quite rightly so. "Statesmanship" has brought the world back to the period immediately preceding "1914-19."

The tragedy of the horrible betrayal is deepened by the back-

ground in which its final act was performed. It will be remembered that the Negus in one of the greatest and most moving orations in history had invited the League to answer certain questions. No one dared to give an answer. Next day the Negus definitely told the League that an Abyssinian Government was functioning in Abyssinia. That claim of his has just been re-inforced by Reuter's correspondent who was till recently with the Italian forces. He does more. According to him, the Abyssinians are not yet down and out. Indeed they are still fighting the Italians and what, is more, "at the recent feast of St. Michael, Ethiopians swore to drive out Italians and boast of reserving their big effort for the worst week of the rains when aeroplanes will be impotent." Both the combatants, Italy and Abyssinia, are gasping for breath, the one because of sanctions and the other through poison gas. It is at this critical stage that the League has chosen to desert Abyssinia and rushed to the relief of Italy! We said that the action of the League of Nations constitutes the most reprehensible betrayal in modern international history. Is there any exaggeration in it?

Unjustifiable Ban

That, in spite of the equality of treatment which is professed to be extended to all citizens of the Empire in Britain, the spirit of racial discrimination still persists there, is once more evidenced by the refusal to admit two highly qualified Indians doctors to the British Post-graduate Medical School at Hammersmith. This is the more surprising in view of the fact that the school was specially started for training Empire students, and that

the Secretary of State for India is a member of its Governing Body, of the school. The reason given for debarring Indian students from the appointments of House Physicians and House Surgeons, viz., that Indian students did not know how to behave themselves is too atrocious a libel to be taken seriously. Fortunately, Dr. Katilal, the indefatigable Deputy Mayor of Finsbury, has interested himself in this ques-

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

Gleanings From The World Press

(From our London Correspondent).

Mr. J. H. Thomas, resigned, is now free to hunt bandits in Chiltern Hills. This is the duty of the Steward of Chiltern Hundreds (Stoke, Dorsborough, Burnham) post, for which, in accordance with Parliamentary practice J.H.T. applied in order to resign. By law, passed in the days when expense, danger and laborious travelling made Membership of Parliament a doubtful privilege, M.P. cannot resign except in certain cases such as bankruptcy when seat becomes vacant automatically. To get round this he applies for Chiltern Hundreds, or the post of Bailiff of Manor of Northstead, Yorkshire, both now purely nominal offices which are, however, considered to be "offices of profit under the Crown." Since, under the Statute of Queen Anne an M.P. cannot accept office of profit under the Crown except in certain circumstances, this is equivalent to resignation.

Until nineteenth century the holder of Chiltern Hundreds was entitled to £1 per year. Several M.P.s may be appointed to the post in turn on the same day, one vacating as the next is appointed.

Iranian Air Chief.

General Ahmad Nakhjavani, de-bonair airman and Commander-in-Chief of Military Aviation in Iran, is in London and has been welcomed by Lord Swinton. He learned flying in France, and was the first Persian to fly his own machine from Paris to Teheran. He has twice narrowly escaped death in crashes. The general is a crack polo player. His coups at the poker table in the Teheran club where diplomats and courtiers gather are almost legendary in Iran.

Roosevelt's Opponent.

The American Republicans' choice of their Presidential candidate disposes of almost the last hopes that Senator Borah might one day be President of the United States.

Governor Landon, Mr. Roosevelt's Republican opponent in the Presidential, is only 48. In the unlikely event of his being elected, he would be the youngest American president since Theodore Roosevelt; his wife would be the youngest hostess at White House. An American described Governor Landon as a man who was equally at home with and without a neck-tie. The most characteristic thing in his career is that he was christened Alfred and changed his name by deed-poll to Alf.

Hitler's Book.

Many German families possess as many as twelve copies of Hitler's book "My Struggle." Every now and then some new order is given making it compulsory for the authorities or schools to present copies of this book. School prizes are usually in the form of copies of the book. Young married couples receive it as a present from the registrar and girls bring it home from school as a reward for good behaviour. The immediate profit goes to Messrs. Eher, official publishers to the National Socialist Party.

And Hitler has now bought a newspaper called the "Pariser Tageblatt," the organ of the anti-Nazi German refugees in France, edited by Professor Georg Bernhard. The newspaper announced on June 11 that its proprietor had negotiated the sale with Dr. Schmolz, head of the Press services at the German Embassy in Paris. The entire staff has resigned and will start a new anti-Nazi paper.

As a result of a recent decision by the Soviet Trade Unions, which allotted a large sum for the purpose, 122,000 workers are now studying English, French and German in language courses at their various enterprises.

It is reported that Sir Harry Lauder has been refused permission to visit Italy as the authorities feared he would sing "I Love Selassie."

tion and has already prevailed upon the National Union of County Officers, which is a sort of trade union of British doctors, to pass a resolution protesting against this preposterous discrimination. It is to be hoped that the London County Council, which is the controlling authority of the Hospital, will immediately look into the matter and remove the unjustifiable ban forthwith.

Indian Companies Act Amendment Bill

A Critical Review

By

JAGMOHANDAS B. KAPADIA.

x

The next section, namely, Section 87C deals with the remuneration of managing agents. It provides that the remuneration of managing agents of companies incorporated after the commencement of the new Act would be on the basis of a fixed percentage on the net profits of the company with a provision for a minimum in absence of profits together with an office allowance to be defined in the agency agreement. I am glad to note that the section gives effect to the salutary principle that the managing agent's remuneration should be on the basis of profits only. It is natural that objection would be taken against the provision contained in the section by vested interests, especially by managing agents in Ahmedabad and Calcutta where the system of commission on production and/or sales very largely exists. I, however, hope in this matter the legislature would remain firm as the system of commission on production and/or sales has been condemned by independent observers as most unsound. There is one particular reason why the system of commission on production and/or sales must be scotched without delay. At present several important industries, for example, cotton, steel, sugar, paper, are enjoying protection. The schemes of protection as framed by the Tariff Board are based on the footing that the managing agents engaged in these industries would be remunerated on the basis of a fixed percentage on the profits of the company as for example 10 per cent. in the case of cotton and steel industries and 7-12 per cent. in the case of sugar industry. It cannot be denied that as a result of the protection granted new companies have been formed in these industries. The growth of the sugar industry in particular is a case in

point. What, however, is the country's experience? Managing agents not only have secured commission on sales but, in some cases, have secured a combined commission on sales and profits. The protection granted by the State has thus been abused and funds which should ordinarily have been utilised in paying a better return on the capital invested in the undertakings or in strengthening the financial resources of the industry have found their way into the pockets of managing agents. It is hoped that the Legislature will not stultify itself by effecting any modification in the basis of remuneration as laid down by the Section.

Unwarranted

The section, however, is not made applicable to existing companies. I do not understand why the existing companies should be at liberty to remunerate their managing agents in any form other than on the basis of profit even after their agreements have terminated under Section 87A(2). This is wholly unwarranted. The section should, therefore, be amended so as to bring the existing companies on a par with new companies in the matter of remuneration on the expiry of the existing agreements.

Office Allowance

The provision for office allowance seems to be unnecessary in view of the fact that office allowance really connotes office expenditure and is not supposed to provide the managing agent with additional remuneration. If this provision is retained it will be abused, I therefore, suggest that it should be deleted.

The section further provides that any stipulation for additional

remuneration in any form would not be binding upon the company unless sanctioned by the shareholders at the statutory or general meeting of the company, the intention underlying payment of additional remuneration is not clear. Whatever the intention, it should be expressly provided that such additional remuneration should only be on the basis of a percentage on net profits and that the same should not be operative unless sanctioned by an extraordinary resolution.

Net Profits

Sub-clause (2) of the section defines net profits as profits of the company calculated after allowing for all the usual working charges, interests on loans and advances, repairs and outgoings, but without any deduction in respect of income-tax or super-tax, or any other tax or duty on income or revenue or for expenditure on capital account or any sum which may be set aside in each year out of the profits for reserve or depreciation or any other special fund. It is necessary to point out that this definition of net profits does not exclude from profits income of an abnormal or non-recurring nature, such as premium on the issue of new shares or profits from sale of capital assets or forfeited shares. The definition should, therefore, be amended so as to exclude income under these heads.

Again the definition excludes depreciation in the calculation of the managing agent's commission. On principle this is unsound as it is an acknowledged fact that depreciation is a charge on production. I, therefore, submit that in the calculation of the managing agent's commission depreciation should not be excluded.

(To be Continued.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

BRITISH LOAN FOR ITALY.

The report published in the "Star" of London about negotiations for a British loan to Italy may not be correct; but it is not improbable either. The Italian Abyssinian conflict and the Sanctions have crippled Italy so badly that a complete financial and economic crash was only a matter of time. Italy will be greatly relieved, of course, by the lifting of sanctions, thanks to the generous and timely assistance of the League Powers. But she is in dire need of money. Germany is more or less bankrupt, and so far as France is concerned, the Italian Abyssinian conflict has changed to a material extent; by the accession of Socialists to power and their programme of a quasi-National control of the Bank of France. America's experience as a creditor of European countries has not been quite happy and she is nervous of getting entangled in European affairs especially at the present moment. That only leaves Britain as a likely creditor. And since Britain has developed a sudden desire to accommodate Italy, the report of "The Star" may yet prove true in due time.

URGENT LEGISLATION

We fully endorse the representation made to Government by the Bombay Provincial Board of the Harijan Sewak Sangh in support of Mr. M. C. Rajah's Bill to remove the civic disabilities of the Harijans. It urges not only that such legislation is within the competence of the legislature but also that it is the duty of Government to support it. The Bill in no way interferes with any religious beliefs or acts as such. It rather removes, as the Bombay Board points out, the social coercion of a community in the guise of religious usage. Such legislation is now urgent in view of the widespread feeling of despair among the Harijans and of revolt against their wrongs.

THE YOUTH MOVEMENT.

The Gujarat Youths' Conference, which was held at Ahmedabad during the week-end, is a sign of the revival of the youth movement, which along with other national movements was affected by the political depression in the country during the last three years. Those who expected or wished that continued repression would kill the movement did not reckon with its vitality and its capacity to adapt itself to changing circumstances.

Repression has only made the youths more radical in their views, both political and economic. Whatever its shortcomings, the youth movement has some priceless merits, such as high idealism, determination never to accept defeat or illegitimate compromise, active sympathy for the poor and ruthless opposition to communalism. Above all, it is the very embodiment of the spirit of revolt against political and economic bondage. Sympathetically and tactfully guided by the elders, the youth movement, which has already done a real service to the country, will do a great deal more in the greater struggle that is ahead.

NEED FOR ACTION.

Some of the best ideals of the present-day youth movement have been felicitously set forth by Mr. Achyut Patwardhan in his presidential address at the Ahmedabad conference. But he rightly warned the youths against being content with cherishing and talking of high ideals. "Real progress," he said, "can only begin if thought is implemented by action. That action in the case of India means a more intimate contact with the peasant masses and it is through that alone that any type of reconstruction can take shape or form. Without adequate action sterile thought acts as a barrier to progress." The speech of Mr. Niru Desai, Chairman of the Reception Committee, was marred by an unjustified attack on Congress leadership. The Conference, as a body, however, fully appreciates the work of the Congress and has adopted a resolution appealing to the country to maintain Congress solidarity. The youth of the country may well set an example in this respect.

PATRO IN NEW ROLE.

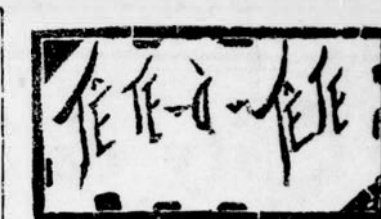
It is amusing to find Sir A. P. Patro in the role of a champion of the ryot. Speaking at a place in the Vizagapatam District he indicted the Congress on a number of charges including indulgence in "the game of destruction at the expense of the agriculturist." That is not surprising since the Justices feel that they must run down the Congress somehow if they are not to be swept off in the coming elections as they were in the last Assembly elections. But the very fact that they should be reduced to employing such a trans-

parently false charge betrays their untenable position. Anyone who knows even the least about Congress and its activities would not fall to see through the Madras knight's allegation that the Congress has not done anything for the villages. Sir A. P. Patro specially talks about village industries being in ruins and the suffering and starving ryot. Has he heard of an institution called the A.I.V.I. A. or is he conveniently unaware of its origin and activities? And, perhaps, it would be too hard on the ex-Minister if he were asked as to what he and the other Justices did for the ryot when they were in power! Anyway, we are glad that Sir A. P. Patro and his like are at least talking about the suffering and starvation of the ryot. If they were to analyse the causes of their sudden interest in matters rural, they would get the most convincing answer to their charge against the Congress.

Collective Farming

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is gratifying to see that great interest is being manifested now in rural uplift both by the government and non-official bodies. Pt. Madan Mohan Malaviya in his foreword to "Rural India" (by Ch. Mukhtar Singh, ex-M.L.A.) fully endorses the opinion of the author that collective farming could be a very effective remedy for most of the ills of the poor farmer. Little attention seems, however, to have been paid so far in putting the scheme of collective farming into practice on a large scale. If the villagers start working on a co-operative basis they can derive a good many advantages. It is only an organised effort that is required to set things going. With the help of educated people and by working collectively the farmers could make better arrangements to improve their sanitation; more attention could be paid to health and education; purchase and sale of commodities could be better organised; they could protect their rights better and money could be made available to them on cheaper rates of interest, providing means to manufacture nearly all their requirements themselves. Co-operation of wealthy and educated men with the poor farmers is, of course, essential in the beginning. It is high time that public spirited



Without Comment.

"All that will be necessary will be to amend the 1925 Agreement by eliminating the Emperor of Abyssinia and substituting the Italian Government as the author of the voluntary concession claimed by Britain. The event should be all the more gratifying to the British Government because it will be no longer necessary for that Government to fulfil its own part of the 1925 bargain. What Britain undertook was to induce the Emperor of Abyssinia to grant to Italy a sphere of influence in Abyssinia such as is now superfluous—"Observer." (Fury Sunday paper of London).

Our Anglo-Indian contemporary denounces the "Congress Election Machinery" as a form of dictatorship indistinguishable, so far as we can see, from Fascism or Hitlerism.

What our contemporary objects to—so far as we can see—is the provisions that render it extremely difficult for candidates and members to exploit the Congress or betray it.

It is, however, a consoling thought that the Congress is not after all a Socialist or Communist body, isn't it?

Messrs. Jinnah and Mahomed Sulaiman Mitha, have been nominated by the Bombay Provincial Muslim League Parliamentary Board to prepare an election manifesto.

We wonder whether the manifesto will be inspired by the spirit of the Muslim League Resolution on reforms or that of the Muslim Committee's humble addresses to Lord Willingdon and Lord Linlithgow?

Or would it combine both—sort of "The Parliamentary Board will work the no-good-very-good reforms for what they are worth?"

Hyena Menace In U. P.

—Head line. That, unfortunately, is not the worst of menaces in the U. P. or, for that matter, in any Province.

Sir A. P. Patro vehemently declares that "Patriotism was not the monopoly of any class or any particular party."

No. Of course not. Patriotism can be, and is, traded upon by any body.

Sir Hari Singh Gaur, who has been "touring" Europe, told Reuter in London that "sanctions appeared to have no effect at all on Italian life..."

Nothing surprising in a man who even when in his own country seldom succeeds in catching a glimpse of the obvious.

"Has the League Failed?" Asks a writer in a famous magazine. No. It has passed—away.

The League's apologist pleads: "The tension is increasing. Nerves are at the snapping point. Reports from Geneva assure us that that matters are being lubricated and eased along so that, probably no great war will break out this 'year'."

The reports are quite true. International politics at Geneva have become reassuringly and most remarkably oily.

"British Loan For Italy?"

—Headline. Well, why not? Even Lloyd George was er-led by er—er—er exigencies of circumstances (so to speak, you know) to agree to shake hands with murder—with which was incorporated poison gas.

And, then, Italy, which is tottering inust, in the interests of European Peace, civilisation and what not, be helped to her feet and then to her aeroplane to spray the remnants of Abyssinians with poison gas. Most urgent.

According to a solemn agreement between Japan and Manchukuo, Japanese residents in Manchukuo have lost their rights of extra-territoriality.

But they have been compensated for with intra-territorial sovereignty.

A man may be proud of his will-power, until he comes up against a woman's won't-power.

people devoted their due attention to this matter. With earnest efforts the work could be so organised as to make possible a speedy growth of such co-operative institutions, doing great economic and social good to the poor people who are in a great majority in the country. Without economic and social uplift of the masses, no success is possible in our anti-

(Continued on Page 10)

Towards Brighter Where Our Rich Have Failed

WHAT OUR READERS SAY

To The Editor of The "Chronicle."
Sir,—I gladly accept your invitation to contribute ideas "Towards Brighter Bombay." Let me first congratulate you for the instigation of a campaign which is bound to awaken the conscience of the people. But may I mention that it is not necessary to mix up party politics with such a subject. We all love Bombay, and if things are not moving quickly towards Brighter Bombay, it is not because we do not desire it, but because we often find that the Municipal constitution is defective. Some time back my attention was drawn to the fact that in one of our beautiful residential localities a neighbour had erected tin sheds and huts which destroyed the amenities of the place and created a slum appearance. The municipal authorities were moved, and they were helpless. Municipal Act does not provide for aesthetic laws. Now, Sir, in every city we have not only to remove slum areas, but keep a constant watch so as to make the city more beautiful. Beautiful spots must be preserved and increased. These in turn will instruct and enhance the aesthetic taste of our people. Man does not live by bread alone. It is as important to awaken the spiritual conscience of our people. It is here that our rich people have failed utterly. The duty of the rich is to spend money and create beautiful things. When God gives wealth, it is a trust and the duty of the rich is to discharge that trust. What is the use of money if you do not create and enhance the beauty of our magnificent city? You might as well collect stones.

Almost everywhere one sees in Bombay beauty spots mutilated simply and solely because the aesthetic taste of our people is not developed. And the most recent case of such mutilation is the recent monstrous development near the Oval. I charge the Bombay Government before the bar of public opinion with an act of vandalism. As if it was not enough to have thrown crores of public money into the sea, the Government of Bombay has at one full stroke destroyed for ever the beauty of the entire area. Every time I pass by, I am tempted to blow up the entire monstrosity.

So, Sir, you will see how very necessary it is to strengthen the Municipal Act. It is by legislation alone that you can restrict the cupidity of the builder. You might, perhaps, think that I am writing about beauty spots only. It is not so. A city which knows how to preserve its beauty will never tolerate slums in its midst. And what slums we have! Even cattle are better housed. Last year, at budget time when we had some surplus, I moved that we should create a reserve for slum clearance. The majority wanted a reduction of one per cent in the general tax. Now, Sir, reduction of

taxation can also be of an indirect kind. Eleven lacs of rupees spent on slum clearance every year will certainly give us a Brighter Bombay at the end of ten years. Slums in each Ward must be tackled year by year. Open spaces have to be created. There must be parks in each Ward, where the poor unfortunate children might breathe God's fresh air. The question is so serious that we must not tolerate mixing it up with politics. It is the work of all citizens regardless of political labels. Let me hope, Sir, you will carry on and not rest until the effort is crowned with success.—Yours, etc.

A. P. SABAVALA.
The Retreat,
Middle Colaba,
Bombay, July 6.

"National Objectives Of The Film"

To The Editor of The "Chronicle."
Sir,—I cannot help lauding the keen interest you have been persistently showing towards the cinema, and its vital influence in Indian rejuvenation; particularly with reference to your bold leader in the issue of the 4th June, '36, under the heading "National Objectives of The Film," where you begin with "No civilized self-respecting nation, competent to visualize and build its future can afford to overlook the new force that has come to stay and influence national life, thought and activities." You have just told a bit of simple truth. It is true you have dealt at length with many of grave questions, but you seem to have missed an important point, and I am afraid you have, perhaps, never been given to reflect over this problem a little seriously.—It is a fact that two halves make one complete, it is also a fact that Cinema cannot be taken as a whole without its literature. Cinema does, undoubtedly, amuse, through one and hundred ways, but it is not also necessary that its "varied grandeur" and broad complications should be well explained and supplemented by means of a wide and planned scheme of literary supply? The film journals are doing much in this direction, but they are either imbued with momentary interest, or their compass does not extend to a high class literature of general interest.

I take pleasure to forward you a copy of a manifesto of the "Cinema-Series," which has just come out with loud declarations to provide the Hindi world with a real type of Cinema Literature, in the shape of fictions, dramas, lives and farces. If what the series declares comes true, we shall be much gratified to see ourselves stepping on the right side of things. Among

Bombay

POINTS FROM LETTERS

Three Views On Different Aspects Of Education

Education

"Vox Populi" (Bombay) views with disfavour the new rules regarding the Civil Service examination in England. Moreover, he wants the Government to divert their attention from University education to universal primary education. The medium of instruction, he concludes, should be vernaculars.

Recommendation

H. P. Gupta (Bombay) recommends the following University and Board examinations to those who find the Matriculation examination of the Bombay University too difficult:—

(1) The Punjab University:—33 per cent marks required for a pass. Second Language not compulsory. Domestic Science in place of Mathematics for girls only is allowed. Good percentage of passes every year from among the private candidates.

(2) Benares Hindu University:—33 per cent marks for passing. Mathematics optional. Only one Second Language. Easiest exam. 50 per cent results.

(3) Rajputana Education Board:—History and Geography are counted as two subjects. Only one Second Language. 33 per cent marks for a pass. Admission easy.

(4) Cambridge Senior:—If you are good at English, the exam, is a standard one which is recognised throughout the British Empire for the purposes of admission to Universities and other bodies. Mathematics optional. Even English texts are not compulsory.

Fees

RATILAL (Bombay) wishes to draw the attention of the sponsors of the Students' Conference to "the fat fees levied by several institutions for their examinations" and cites the instance of the Sanitary Inspectors' examination, the total fees for which amount to Rs. 200.

many other features mentioned here you will note that in the very first issue we are going to have a glimpse of Indian flight of Freedom, Russia, Japan, China, the "Civilizing Mission of Mussolini in Abyssinia," and all looked through the eyes of the Cinema." All this is good news, but only sad thing is that the head office of the series should have been in the centre of Indian Filmdom, instead of being at Kashi. However, let us all hope and pray that the series honestly stands to its policy; and I would also request you please to see that such organizations do come up well, as they actually fulfil a long-felt need of Indian public.—Yours, etc.

Bombay, July 6.

PLANE EXPLODES IN MID-AIR

Melrose Braved Weather Against Advice

MELBOURNE, July 6. Jim Melrose, the well-known Australian airman, who was piloting Lieut-Colonel Campbell to Adelaide was advised to delay his start owing to the weather, but he declared "I shall give it a go." An hour later his plane according to an eyewitness appeared through low rain clouds, 20 miles from the capital circling as if about to land when an explosion occurred in the machine which disintegrated in mid-air. The wreckage spread a mile wide.—Reuter.

DEEP SORROW FOR ANSARI'S DEATH

(From Our Correspondent).
SACRAMENTO (California), July 6.

Moslems and Indians assembled here and recorded their deep sorrow for Dr. Ansari's death and condolence to the nation and family.

HEAVY TOLL OF "INDEPENDENCE DAY"

NEW YORK, July 6. Two hundred and fifty accidental deaths marked America's "Independence Day" holiday, which is the highest total since 1931, when the death toll was 483. Saturday's victims included 150 killed on the road and 75 drowned. Reuter.

Lancs. Declare At 435 For 8 Wkts.

India's Collapse After Bright Start: 6 Wkts. Down For 195: Merchant 70

PLAY POSTPONED DUE TO RAIN

In the second day's play between India and Lancashire, the latter declared their first innings closed at 435 for 8 wickets.

C. S. Nayudu was the successful bowler and captured 4 wickets for 115 runs.

Indians had made 195 runs for 6, when rain caused stoppage of play for the day. Merchant had the highest score on the Indian side. He made 70 runs in 195 minutes.

THE SCORES:—

LANCASHIRE (1st Innings)..... 435 for 8, declared.

INDIA (1st Innings)..... 195 for 6 wickets.

LONDON, July 6. Weather was brilliant and wicket fast when on resumption of the match between Lancashire and Indians, Lancashire declared their innings for 435 for eight.

Hussain and Jai were India's opening pair, but Hussain left with the total at 12. Nutter bowled Jai and C. K. Naidu and with fall of the latter's wicket lunch interval was taken. Jai was out at 64 for 2.

MERCHANT BATS WITH CONFIDENCE.

The four bowler attack was not too guileful. Merchant batted with great confidence and reached his 50 in 110 minutes. Vizianagram was caught in the slips off Pollard at 154 and Mushtaq Ali was out l.b.w. (N) for seven at 166.

SLOW GAME.

Attendance was now 3,000. Game was extremely slow, 23 runs being scored in 45 minutes. At 189 Merchant was out l.b.w. (N) to Nutter.

Latterly he was very slow, having at one period scored only 15 runs in 110 minutes. He was batting altogether for 195 minutes and hit 8 fours.

RAIN INTERVENES.

Heavy rain caused stoppage with the total at 195 for six when tea interval was taken.

Total (for 6 wkts.)..... 195. The closing score was 195 for six wickets. There was no further play after tea.

Dilawar Hussain played for Indians for the first time in the tour but made only 2 runs. Merchant batted for 195 minutes and hit 8 fours. Jai made 34 and C. K. Naidu 39.

LANCASHIRE—1ST INNINGS:
435 FOR 8 DEC.
BOWLING ANALYSIS.
Nissar 0 for 64; C. E. Nayudu 2 for 85; Jilani 0 for 24; Bannerjee 0 for 45; C. S. Nayudu 4 for 115; Mushtaq Ali 1 for 42; Merchant 1 for 36.

INDIA—1ST INNINGS:
Hussain b. Pollard..... 2
Jai, b. Nutter..... 34
Merchant l.b.w. (N) b. Nutter..... 70
C. K. Naidu, b. Nutter..... 39
Vizianagram, c. Nutter, b. Pollard..... 5
Mushtaq Ali l.b.w. (N) b. Nutter..... 7
Ramaswamy (not out)..... 16
Bannerjee (not out)..... 3
Extras..... 10

PROVINCIAL GOVTS. VOTE FOR BRITISH EXPERTS

Plan To Overhaul Secondary Education Throughout Country

(From Our Correspondent).
SIMLA, July 6.

The views of Provincial Governments on the proposal of the Central Advisory Board of Education that experts may be brought from England to advise on the reorganisation of secondary education have now been received and are under consideration of the Government of India. As they appear to welcome the idea and are reported to have expressed willingness to utilise the services of the experts it is understood that the Government of India will proceed to make arrangements for the arrival of experts early next winter.

A number of experts will probably be not less than five but it is not yet definitely known how many can be spared and for what period by the Board of Education in England. The function of the experts will be purely advisory. It is expected that the Provinces will hold a preliminary enquiry by which time the Sub-committees appointed at the last meeting are expected to complete their reports.

The next meeting of the Central Advisory Board of Education will probably be held in next February, by which time the Sub-committees appointed at the last meeting are expected to complete their reports.

CANTABS' TALL SCORE

Put Up 432 Runs In Inter- Varsity Match Against Oxford

(SPECIAL CABLE).
LONDON, July 6.

The Inter-Varsity match commenced at Lord's. Weather was dull and overcast.

Seamer replaces Kilmington, who has badly strained an ankle.

THE TEAMS:

The teams are:—
CAMBRIDGE:—Bartlett; Tindall, Jehangir Khan, Cameron, Wooler, Yardley, Gibb, Nelson, White, Brocklebank and Pawle.

OXFORD:—Mitchell-Innes; Singleton, Darwall-Smith, Seamer, Barton, Belle, Matthews, Grover, Walford, Murray Wood and Dyson.

Nelson and White opened the Cambridge innings but White playing back too far to Dyson hit the wicket (27-1-19). Tindall was out at 81.

LUNCH DETAILS.

Attendance at the lunch numbered 6,000 including Mrs. Baldwin and the Nawab of Pataudi.

NELSON'S STOLID DISPLAY.
Nelson was brilliantly caught at short leg by Walford, lying on his stomach (194-3-91). Nelson gave a stolid display for 185 minutes and hit 9 fours. At the next ball Bartlett was snapped up by the wicket-keeper. Yardley too missed his century narrowly, being caught at square-leg when 90 (236-5-90).

He played an enterprising cricket for 130 minutes and scored all round the wicket, reaching the boundary on 13 occasions. His partnership with Nelson for the third wicket put on 113 runs in 90 minutes.

Gibbs was out at 291; Pawle at 326; Wooler at 396 and Jehangir Khan at 404. Jehangir Khan was batting for 85 minutes. His partnership with Wooler for the 8th wicket added 70 runs in 45 minutes.

FALL OF WICKETS:—27 for 1; 81/2; 194/3; 194/4; 236/5; 291/6; 326/7 and 396 for 8.

CAMBRIDGE: (1ST INNINGS).
White (hit wicket), b. Dyson... 19
Tindall c and b Murray-Wood... 10
Nelson c Walford, b. Dyson... 91
Bartlett c Matthews, b. Dyson... 0
Yardley c Singleton, b. Darwall-Smith... 90
Gibb c Matthews, b. Singleton... 46
Pawle b Murray-Wood... 40
Jehangir Khan c Belle, b. Mitchell-Innes... 49
Wooler c Dyson, b. Seamer... 37
Cameron (not out)..... 28
Brocklebank (not out)..... 4
Extras..... 18

Total (for 9 wickets).... 432

tion and, when the experts arrive, their advice, based on modern systems of education in the west, will be taken and considered by the Provinces concerned.

The main idea underlying the proposed enquiry is to give a practical turn to Secondary Education in the country with a view not merely to prepare students for vocational courses but also to revise the curriculum so as to make it less academic and more practical in nature, where possible and necessary. In order to facilitate the enquiry and to save the time of the experts, The Provinces will divide themselves according to plan, which will be decided later.

The next meeting of the Central Advisory Board of Education will probably be held in next February, by which time the Sub-committees appointed at the last meeting are expected to complete their reports.

That a Medical College for Maharashtra be established at Poona was the suggestion favoured by a majority when the King

City Merchant Caught In Worli Death-Trap

MOTOR FALLS INTO THE SEA

Mr. Anandilal Poddar's Son Killed

BOMBAY, Monday. A tragic motor accident took place at about 2 p.m. at Hornby-Vellard in which Mr. Rambhadas Anandilal Poddar was killed. The driver of the car who sustained serious injuries is lying in Sir J. J. Hospital.

HOW IT HAPPENED.

It appears that Mr. Rambhadas was driving down from his residence at Santa Cruz to Bombay. The car was being driven by his chauffeur. When the car reached Hornby-Vellard, the driver saw two motor lorries coming from the opposite side. Behind the motor lorries another car, in which there were Europeans, was also coming. It is said the driver of this car wanted to overtake the two lorries. As there was no room to proceed further the driver of Mr. Rambhadas gave a turn to the motor car in order to drive it on the footpath. In doing so the car collided against a coconut tree and the impact sent the car towards the railings on the opposite side and it fell into the sea.

TO RESCUE.

The passers-by at once came to the assistance of these two unfortunate victims and with great difficulty they were able to rescue the two bodies. Meanwhile, two doctors, passing by the road in their motor car were ready to help and give first aid. It was found that Mr. Rambhadas's injuries were more serious than those of the driver. Both the victims of the accident, when taken out from the sea, were said to be unconscious. Injections were given to both of them to save their life.

NARIMAN ON SCENE.

At this moment Mr. K. F. Nariman was passing in his motor car. He immediately got down and rendered every help that was possible. He immediately telephoned to the Fire Brigade to get the ambulance car and he himself took both the bodies to the J. J. Hospital, where an examination is being conducted. It was found that Rambhadas had already expired, and the condition of the driver was found to be very serious.

The damaged car was taken out by Mr. Coombs and his staff who came on the scene in response to a message to them. The Coroner held post-mortem examination and after the body was identified by the relatives of the deceased the jury was adjourned. The body was taken to Santa Cruz where it was cremated at 7 p.m.

MARKET CLOSED.

When the news of the accident had reached the markets all business was at a standstill. The Marwaris and others went to Santa

Cruz to offer condolence to the aged father. About two hundred merchants and other prominent citizens were present at the crematorium.

PROMISING CAREER CUT SHORT

Mr. Rambhadas was a very promising member of the Agrawal Marwari community. His father, Mr. Anandilal Poddar, is a known cotton merchant and is also well-known for his charities.

Mr. Rambhadas who was 23 years old was his youngest son. He was a graduate of the Bombay University. He held progressive views and helped the nationalist cause on all occasions. He made many friends who will mourn his death. He leaves behind him an aged mother, who has been lying unconscious since the last two days suffering from a long illness, his aged father, three brothers and his widow.

WORLI DEATH TRAP.

This fatal accident which has taken away the life of a rich and promising merchant is not the first of its kind at Hornby-Vellard. Several fatal accidents have occurred in the past, but it is very unfortunate that the cause of such accidents, viz., narrowness of the road, has not been removed by the Bombay Municipality. Only last year such an accident happened, when Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas was almost fatally injured. At that time Mr. K. F. Nariman was the Mayor and he had protested very strongly against the executive that no steps had been taken to widen this road, which has become a veritable death-trap for motorists. To-day's accident could have been avoided if the road had been wide enough to allow Mr. Rambhadas's car to pass with safety. It is to be hoped that City Municipal Executive would at last now awake to its sense of duty.

Deputy Inspector Winton and Sergeant Dugard of the Acripada Police station are making inquiries.

MRS. PODDAR DEAD

A telephone message received at 1-35 a.m. from Santa Cruz states that the aged and ailing mother of Mr. Rambhadas Poddar who met with the fatal motor accident at Hornby-Vellard at Worli expired at about 1-30 a.m. She leaves behind her husband Mr. Anandilal Poddar and three sons to mourn her loss.

TO FIGHT U. P. CONGRESSMEN?

Seceders From Jinnah's Party To Plan Strong Combine

(From Our Correspondent).

NAINTITAL, July 6.

In connection with the details of prominent Muslims held here in order to formulate their attitude towards new reforms and the situation arising out of resignations of Nawabs of Chhatari and Sir Md. Yusuf from Mr. Jinnah's Parliamentary Board, it is understood that another meeting will be held at the Allgarh residence of the Nawab of Chhatari on July 19. It is mentioned that these Muslims will form their own party for the forthcoming elections and in the manifesto they will issue, they will say that they have formed the party to safeguard Muslim interests. They will at the same time try to maintain connection with the National Agriculturist Party of which both the Nawabs are prominent members.

FORMIDABLE COMBINE.

It is also understood that efforts are being made to find a working basis for co-operation between the National Agriculturists and business interests in the Province. Thus it is said if the efforts at satisfactory understanding between Muslims, Agriculturists and business interests succeeds, their supporters think they will form a formidable alliance and offer Congress candidates a difficult task to sweep polls, as they hope and are trying for.

MEDICAL COLLEGE FOR MAHARASHTRA?

Suggestion At King George Memorial Meeting

POONA, July 6.

That a Medical College for Maharashtra be established at Poona was the suggestion favoured by a majority when the King

George Memorial Committee met this evening. Mr. Trotman, Collector of Poona, presiding, and considered several suggestions for a Memorial including a Park in the centre of the City.

Other suggestions were a Leprosy Asylum, endowing a Chair of Pathology and a dispensary for rural areas. Although the establishment of a Medical College meant expenditure of a huge sum. Members favoured conversion of the existing School into a College. It was decided to raise two lakhs of rupees.

The final decision will be taken by a Citizen's Meeting to be held on the 13th when the Commissioner, Central Division, will preside.—A. P.

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Have you any constructive suggestions
or criticism to make on this subject?
If so, write to us briefly.

Baroda Prajamandal Darbar Deadlock

HOW NEGOTIATIONS BROKE DOWN

Govt. Not To Yield On Question Of Reduction Of Land Revenue

(From Our Correspondent.)
BARODA, July 4.
The following statement has been issued by the General Secretary of the Baroda State Prajamandal in connection with the attempts that have been made until now by the Mandal in order to get the prohibitory orders, issued against three leaders of the Prajamandal, withdrawn.
"It has already been reported that the District Magistrate had offered terms of such a nature that the leaders were obliged to reject them. It was decided that the City Committee of the Prajamandal should, in co-operation with the other bodies call a citizens' meeting to protest against the action of the District Magistrate."
On June 25, a Government Pleader, Mr. Pradhan met the General Secretary and offered his friendly services with a view to end this unfortunate incident. Messrs. Sutaria Munshi and Pradhan met on the 26th morning; they were to have met again in the afternoon but Mr. Pradhan was kept engaged in the Secretariat Building so that they met on the 27th. It appeared from Mr. Pradhan's talk that the Government apprehended that the Prajamandal intended starting a no-tax campaign and to create ill feeling against the Government.

AT POLICE OFFICE.
Messrs. Munshi and Sutaria assured Mr. Pradhan that these fears were ill-founded, so they all went the office of the Police Commissioner and had a conference with him and the District Magistrate. In the initial stages it appeared as if the negotiations would fail because both the officials began to question the right of the Prajamandal to intervene between the Sarkar and the people. This being averted it was pointed out that the orders issued by the District Magistrate were hasty and uncalled for in view of the fact that in accordance with the resolution of the Prajamandal the scheme for starting economic inquiry had not been prepared and circulated. The next day—29th—these five gentlemen drew up the draft of the letter to be written by the three gentlemen on whom prohibitory orders had been issued, asking for the withdrawal of these orders."

DELICATE SITUATION.
"This draft was to be accepted after the Official had it approved by the Revenue Commissioner and the Prajamandal by its Working Committee. In view of this delicate situation the Prajamandal on its own initiative postponed the protest meeting of 30th. However, it was found that both the sides wanted to make alterations in the draft letter and it was obvious that the negotiations could not be continued."

"The Prajamandal decided to meet the higher authorities and the General Secretary requested the Revenue Commissioner for an interview. On the 2nd instant Dr. Suman, Mehta, the President and Mr. Sutaria met Mr. Mukerjee the Revenue Commissioner, and it was due to his sympathetic and tactful attitude that the draft letter to be signed by Messrs. Nikte and Maganbhai was prepared. Since this draft is acceptable to

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the Commissioner and the Prajamandal it is hoped that the prohibitory orders against the two leaders will be withdrawn.

HOPEFUL OUTLOOK.

"With regard to the draft prepared for Mr. Chuni Lal Shah it was found to be somewhat vague and liable to be interpreted differently. It was therefore decided that Mr. Shah's ordinary rights which all the citizens of Baroda have enjoyed until now of calling and meeting people in assembly, and of delivering lectures even for matters of land revenue should be safeguarded. It was decided that no ground should be left for future misunderstanding. At the meeting of the Executive Committee of the Prajamandal, on the 3rd inst.; it was decided that if the fundamental rights of speech, assembly, writing etc., were not interfered with Mr. Shah should request the District Magistrate, according to the draft letter to withdraw the order issued against him. The General Secretary should prepare and write a letter to the Revenue Commissioner in which the whole matter should be made explicitly clear. This letter will be sent to-day (4th) and if that is accepted this serious question will be solved for the whole Raj. If it is not accepted the prohibitory order against Mr. Shah will remain, and the difficult situation will not be relieved. It has also been decided in the Committee meeting that in case other individuals are marked out for official anger they should be prepared to suffer with dignified quietness."

STATE GOVT. FIRM

Inquiries in authoritative circles reveal that the Government will not countenance any mass agitation regarding the reduction of land revenue either on general scale in State or in different talukas. It is understood that the Government has taken very firm stand in the matter. It is learnt from a reliable source that Mr. Nikte, in accordance with the terms agreed by both the parties has submitted the application to the District Magistrate. It is further stated that Mr. Maganbhai Patel, on his return to Baroda, would also do the same. Therefore, the question of withdrawal would be duly considered by the Government.

The situation seems to be quite clear regarding the present situation. Though there appears to be some obstacle in this settlement, the consensus of opinion is that a way could be found of the impasse if the whole situation could be handled with statesmanship and a little give-and-take adopted by either side.

GRIEVANCES OF BHAGALPUR KISANS

District Magistrate's Assurance To Processionists

BHAGALPUR: (By Mail.)

A Kisan procession consisting of about 200 people, hailing mostly from the neighbouring villages starting from the Dharmshala of Rai Bahadur Devi Prasad Dhan-dhania, paraded on Tuesday last through the Town and went about the usual slogans and went to the court compound where they were reported to have placed their various grievances before the District Magistrate who gave them a patient hearing and promised to help them in all legal matters. When told about the high handedness of the Zamindars and their amlas, the District Magistrate is reported to have assured them that he would be glad to consider their cases if specific and individual instances were brought to his notice.

The processionists then went round the roads surrounding the court compound and the Bar library and further went past the road passing by the Commissioner's bungalow.—United Press.

Agricultural Credit Officer Of Reserve Bank

BOMBAY: Monday.

Dr. Anwar Iqbal Qureshi informs the Associated Press that he has been appointed the Agricultural Credit Officer with the Reserve Bank of India and has taken charge of his duties.

Indian News From Here And There

INDIANS IN KENYA

Prominent Deputation To Visit India Shortly

(From Our Correspondent.)
ETAWAHA, (By Mail.)
Information has been received in the office of the Local Indian Colonial Association that a deputation of several prominent Indians will shortly be visiting India from Kenya.

The deputation is expected to create a favourable atmosphere in India and to impress upon the Government of India, to which the deputation is expected to make representations on the conditions of the Indians in that colony against the activities of Lord Francis Scott, the leader of the white settlers, who has gone to England to carry on propaganda for the demands of his community which are against the interests of the Indians in general.

It may be remembered that his visit has caused a split in the Indian community for a section of Indians and the Congress of East African Indians in particular think his visit as having of no importance to the demands of the white community, which are how-ever, contrary to the reports of his activities in London.

The sending to India of this deputation has been decided by the Indian Elected Members Organisation and has been supported by a large number of people.

CONDOLENCE FOR DR. ANSARI

At a special general meeting of the Transvaal Indian Congress (Pretoria Branch) was held recently to mourn the sad demise of Dr. Ansari and passed the following resolution:

"That this Congress deeply mourns the great loss India has sustained by the untimely death of Dr. Ansari and conveys their deep sympathy to Begam Ansari."

Progress Of Hubli Urban Co-op. Bank

(From Our Correspondent.)
HUBLI, July 4.

The 30th annual general meeting of the Hubli Urban Co-operative Bank was held, this afternoon, in the Bank's building. Rao Bahadur Valvekar presided. The directors' report and the balance sheet were presented and approved. The total working funds amounted to 791,000, of which 115,000 constituted Share Capital, 532,000 Deposits, 83,000 Reserve Fund and 14,000 the Bad Debt Fund. Investments included: 144,000 cash in hand with banks, 300,000 Government Securities, 83,000 other Securities, 248,000 loans to members and Societies.

Two directors Srs. Apte and Mirji, who retired by rotation were re-elected.

FACILITIES FOR HARIKISHENLAL

July 16 Fixed For His Examination In People's Bank Case

LAHORE, July 6.
A division bench of the High Court, composed of the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Din Mahomed passed orders in the application filed by Mr. Lala Harikishen Lal praying for a number of facilities being given him before he agreed to submit himself to public examination in connection with the affairs of the People's Bank. In liquidation. Their lordships rejected his prayers for an opportunity for cross-examination of the witnesses already examined, for examination of the complete records of the case and a prayer for an order to the Press to publish his evidence verbatim.

Their Lordships, however, granted his prayer for payment for services to Counsel and clerk to the tune of Rs. 1,000 in all for his entire examination provided that Mr. Harikishen Lal agreed to reply. It might be stated that of his application submitted on 29th June stated that without these facilities being granted it would not be possible for him to answer any question during his examination or defend himself against the charges.

July 16 was fixed for his examination which will be in public

PLIGHT OF TEXTILE INDUSTRY

City Mill Closed Down: Others May Follow Unless Conditions Improve

(From Our Correspondent.)
AHMEDABAD, July 5.

The weather has cooled down and the sky generally remains cloudy. Off and on there are showers of rain almost everyday and the total rain fall has gone up to more than 8 inches.

The total number of deaths in the week ending on Thursday last was 216 of which 4 were due to small-pox, 5 to measles, 1 to meningitis and 22 to consumption. The death rate of the city is 29.35 per thousand.

The condition of mill industry is causing grave anxiety. The city mill, near Kankaria has been closed down and it is feared that two or three other mills will also have to be closed down unless conditions improve in the near future.

ESTATE AND FINANCE BROKERS
On Tuesday last a meeting was held to organise a body of estate and finance brokers under the presidency of Mr. Joshi Girishankar Harishankar. It was decided to start an association of Estate and Finance Brokers in Ahmedabad and a committee was appointed to frame rules and regulations for the association.

The presidential address of Sjt. Parmanand Kunverji Kapadia has created a stir in the Jain community. The conservative element has been greatly agitated by his views and there was a move to remove him from Jain Sangh but it seems that they are not supported by leaders of their community. Most of the youths of the community hold the same views as Sjt. Parmanand and there is strong opposition.

The Ahmedabad municipality had asked Government to sanction a loan of Rs. 10 lakhs at 4 per cent, but Government has refused to sanction it. It was resolved in the municipal meeting of June 29 to inform the Government that the Municipality does not wish at present to raise the loan.

A special meeting of the municipal School Board was held on July 1 to consider the situation arising out of the increasing number of girls in High School and to find out a remedy. The Administration Officer, Mr. P. K. Desai, pointed out in his report that the number of girls in the school was 414 at the end of March and had now gone up to 615. He recommended the separation of the Middle School Standards and asked for sanction to hire a suitable building for a middle school and for staff and furniture. After some discussion it was resolved to control admissions and to send girls of middle school standards to Municipal Girls' Schools where the middle school standards are taught in primary schools and the High School Standards alone should be accommodated in the present building. For the time

being the Administrative Officer was authorised to hire a new building and to purchase necessary furniture.

FATAL FALL FROM THIRD FLOOR

Sequel To Accident While Brushing Teeth

Chaturbhuj Ghelbhal residing at Dharmji Bhagwanji Building was the victim of a fatal accident on Monday.

It is stated Ghelbhal was on the balcony of his quarters on the third floor of the building and he was brushing his teeth with some powdered tobacco.

He was seen leaning over the railing and seemed to have lost balance when he fell to the ground. He was removed to the G. T. Hospital where he was detained for treatment but died two hours thereafter.

RAID IN BHULESHWAR

Alleged Receiver Of Satta Bets Arrested And Bailed Out

Deputy Inspector Hewson raided a room in Jadhavji Mansions in Bhuleshwar under the Gaming Act and arrested one Gaurishankar Shivram who was, it is alleged, receiving, satta bets.

The police in the course of their search found a number of alleged betting slips and cash.

The accused was later taken to the police station and offered bail.

MILL STRIKE IN BEAWAR

Nearly 6,000 Workers Down Tools As Sequel To Wage-cut

(From A Correspondent.)
BEAWAR, July 2.

Nearly five to six thousand labourers of the local mills have been on strike since yesterday. The strike has been spontaneously resorted to as a protest against the wage-cutting process that has been going on in the local mills for some time. The step-motherly attitude of the mill owners is chiefly responsible for it. So far no untoward incident is reported from any quarter.

Yesterday morning the labourers went out in a huge procession and paraded the local bazars with red flags. In the evening they assembled at the mill gates and some of the youngsters are reported to have thrown stones on the black-leggers, but the timely arrival of the local police, since then reinforced by a fresh contingent from Ajmer, and also the presence of the local Extra Assistant Commissioner on the spot, had good effect on the mischief-mongers.

This morning Mr. J. Makhmoor, one of the local workers addressed two huge meetings of the strikers at different places notwithstanding torrential rain with the result that not only the Red Flag has been replaced by the black one but the workers have also made a solemn pledge to be absolutely non-violent and truthful in their struggle, that is rather forced upon them by unfortunate circumstances. Attempts are also being made to approach the District Authorities for timely intervention.

To-day all the three mills are closed and shall remain so for a week or more.

SENSATIONAL BOMB EXPLOSION.

(From Our Correspondent.)
PATNA, July 6.

A sensation prevailed in Patna City yesterday, when it is alleged, bomb exploded at about 10 in the morning, in a room in the house of one Ramkishun Lal, of Mohalla Khaje Kalanghat, a very thickly populated part of the City.

It is stated while Ramkishunlal's son, who is a student of the 10th class of Patna City School, was handling the bomb, an explosion occurred, resulting in serious injury to the boy who was immediately removed to the city hospital.

On the basis of a statement made by him several houses were searched by the police, and five students believed to be members of a group have been arrested.

being the Administrative Officer was authorised to hire a new building and to purchase necessary furniture.

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A LOOK ROUND THE WORLD

Dangers Of Lifting Sanctions

THREAT TO BRITISH EMPIRE

"If the League decides to abandon sanctions, thereby recognizing tacitly or otherwise the Italian annexation of Abyssinia, it will die an ignominious death," writes Commander King-Hall in the "Star," London.

"Once the Sanctions are lifted, Italy will probably make a deal with the Germans over the colonial questions. Thus, by 1940, we may find a powerful Germany demanding colonies at the point of the bayonet, Italy threatening Malta, Kenya, Egypt and Palestine; and Japan menacing Hongkong."

In that hour, the security of the British Commonwealth of Nations and with it the liberties of 450 million human beings will be in grave jeopardy. Any one who has made a study of Imperial defence may think of the British prospects in those circumstances. To kill the League, by abandoning sanctions is a short-sighted and immoral policy, likely to betray the democratic cause, alienate the Dominion of South Africa, aggravate the colour problem in Africa and convince the Americans that we are a bunch of unashamed hypocrites."

Leon Blum Will Succeed

"The opposition of financial and industrial circles against the projects of M. Blum will certainly be very active," writes the "Manchester Guardian," Manchester.

M. Blum declares that he has no intention of devaluing the Franc and that he will obtain the necessary funds for the realisation of his programme by means of expansion of credit and by taxes on the rich and against the fiscal frauds.

Here is an orthodox programme

from the Socialist and Communist point of view which tends to evade the responsibilities of devaluation.

"The industrial will soon find himself heavily taxed while the cost of production of his commodities will rise owing to increase in the salary of the employees."

Experience, however, proves that such a system is quite feasible and there is no reason France or Great Britain should not succeed in realising what Czechoslovakia and Peru have already achieved."

Japan Drawn Into Eur-Asian Balance

"Japan is being more and more drawn into the Eur-Asian balance partly as a result of our communitarian and partly of the struggle between Communism and Fascism," declares the Stockholm Twingen, Stockholm.

"Soviet Russia constantly fears a simultaneous attack by Germany and Japan, while Japan herself is afraid that if Russia continues developing her already enormous strength, she may eventually defeat the Japanese ambitions to dominate the Far East and may thereby become master of China in place of Japan."

If she could make sure of a simultaneous attack by Germany she might possibly attempt to drive Russia back to Lake Baikal before it was too late.

On the other hand, Germany is afraid of the growing power of the vast slav and Bolshevik mass to the east, a power that can fight in two ways with armies and aeroplanes and with communist propaganda behind the lines."

Avoid
CRITICISM OF OTHERS
KEEP YOUR BREATH
PURE, SWEET

Nothing is more objectionable than bad breath. It causes friends and acquaintances to shun you. It affects your popularity, your social standing. Place yourself beyond suspicion—gargle at least twice daily with Listerine Antiseptic, full strength. Listerine Antiseptic is gentle, mild and safe, yet extremely effective. It destroys all unpleasant odours, leaves the breath sweet and pure. Listerine Antiseptic guards against disease, too—destroys the germs of mouth and throat. Keep a bottle always on hand.

LISTERINE
THE SAFE
ANTISEPTIC

Don't rely on weak "insecticides" to kill MOSQUITOES!
Spray **POWERFUL FLIT**

Don't risk your health and comfort by accepting worthless "insecticides" or imitations that masquerade under the name of Flit. Remember—there is only one Flit. Flit is sold only in the yellow tin with the soldier and black band—sealed to prevent fraudulent refilling. Will not stain. You can absolutely rely on Flit to kill all household insects.

Sprinkle the new FLIT POWDER in cracks and crevices. Crawling insects touch it and die!

If the soldier is not on the tin, it is not FLIT

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Fields, Factories And Workshops

"Staggering" Profits Managing Agents Prospectus Of Amalgamated Electricity Co.

Shareholders' Association Analyses Its Features

The Amalgamated Electricity Company (Belgaum), Limited has been formed to acquire and work the Belgaum Electric Licence, the Bulsar Electric Licence, the Bhiwandi Electric Supply Station and the Shahpur Electric Licence.

These concerns are to be acquired for a cash consideration of Rs. 12 lakhs to be paid to the vendors, the Consolidated Electric Agencies Limited, who are also the managing agents of the company.

According to the committee of the Bombay Shareholders' Association which has issued a circular on the subject Rs. 4,50,000 of this money will go into the pockets of the managing agents, representing a profit of over 58 per cent., which the committee describes as "staggering."

The circular draws attention to other features of the prospectus and advises investors to study the points mentioned before applying for shares.

Staggering Profit

The Committee of the Bombay Shareholders' Association invite the attention of the investing public to the following points in the prospectus:—

"The aggregate consideration for the transfer to the Company by the vendors of the said undertaking as going concern is a sum of Rs. 12,00,000/- to be paid in cash to them as follows:—

"Rs. 7,10,000/- to The Belgaum Electricity Co. Ltd., Rs. 3,10,000/- to The Bulsar Electricity Co. Ltd., Rs. 1,80,000/- to The Bhiwandi Electric Supply Co. Ltd. Out of the said respective considerations payable to the Vendors, the sums of about Rs. 2,75,000/-, Rs. 90,000/- and Rs. 60,000/- respectively represent the amounts payable to the said Belgaum Electric Supply Co. Ltd., Bulsar Electric Supply Co. Ltd., and The Bhiwandi Electric Supply Co. Ltd., for the sale of their respective undertakings as going concerns, the balance being the consideration payable in respect of the expenditure incurred by each of them on their respective lands, buildings, plant, mains, cables, services and equipments and other expenditure incurred or to be incurred by them upto the 30th June, 1936."

It is clear that as a result of this flotation the Consolidated Electric Agencies Ltd., who are the owners of the selling companies and the managing agents of

this company, are making a profit of Rs. 4,25,000/- in other words, on the basis of the expenditure of Rs. 7,75,000/- which is stated to have been incurred in respect of the lands, buildings, plant etc. of the selling companies the Consolidated Electric Agencies Ltd., are making a profit of over 58 per cent. from the sale of the undertakings.

On the face of it the profit made is staggering. Right from the commencement of this company 34 per cent. of its capital goes into the pockets of managing agents. If the company is to be conducted on sound lines in future the loss of this capital would have to be written off from the annual profits which would naturally affect distribution of dividends at least for some time to come.

The public will therefore do well to consider these facts with care in their calculations while considering the figures about distributable profits contained in the prospectus.

Unaudited Accounts.

Coming to the expenditure of buildings, plants etc., the Committee desire to point out that the same has not been certified by a competent person. The Committee also find that although the financial year of the selling Companies expired on 31st March last, their accounts duly audited have not been placed before the public. These accounts would have enabled the public to understand the position with regard to the assets

For Holidays With Pay For Indian Workers

Mr. Chelvapathy Chetty's Speech At Geneva

GENEVA. (By Air Mail.) The following is the text of the speech in support of the proposed Convention on Holidays with Pay delivered on the 23rd instant, at the 20th session of the I.L. Conference, by Mr. G. Chelvapathy Chetty, Adviser to the Indian Workers' Delegate to the Conference:—

"Coming as I do from the ranks of Indian workers, my knowledge of the English language is limited and I hope you will show me some indulgence if my remarks are not expressed as well as they should be."

"I wish to support the proposed Convention on holidays with pay. In India, where modern industrialism is still recent and hours of work are unduly long, the average worker retains his attachment for the village of his origin. Life in a big city, always exacting and tiring, particularly in the tropics, is made more so by the lack of proper housing and other conditions, which makes home life and family life nearly impossible. It is not surprising therefore that many workers leave their work occasionally in order to return to their native villages. In most places there is what is known as "absenteeism" and also a large turnover. Regarded from the worker's point of view the situation is equally unsatisfactory, for when he wanted to get back to work on his return from the village, he usually finds that he cannot get any job; so acute is the unemployment situation and so large are the exactions of the employer."

SUCCESSFUL EXPERIMENT. "It is with a view to overcoming these difficulties that a few years ago a system of holidays with pay was introduced in some of the State services and also in a few private undertakings. Although this was done only to a very limited extent, the step has already shown, as was pointed out by the Royal Commission on Labour, that it tends to make the labour force settled, to improve discipline and efficiency and to reduce absenteeism, appreciably."

"If this Convention is passed at this session of the Conference and is ratified by the Government of India, I am sure it will make the workers in that country more efficient and contented."

"I would appeal to Sir Bhupen- (continued in col. 5)

sold to this Company for the above amount.

From the prospectus however it appears that the assets are being bought by this Company on the basis of the expenditure stated to have been incurred in respect of the same by the selling companies. This implies that in arriving at the value of the assets sold no allowance has been made for depreciation that has already taken place. It is strange that no such allowance has been made especially when these Companies have been working for some years past and the vendors have earned profits from the use of these assets. It comes to this that the vendors are making an addition— (Continued on Page 3).

RICE CULTIVATION IN HYDERABAD Favourable Seasonal Conditions

(From Our Own Correspondent)

HYDERABAD Dn. (By Mail.) The final memorandum on the cultivation of rice crop in the Nizam's Dominions for the year 1935-36, as prepared by the Statistics Department, states that on an average of five years ending 1933-34, this area under rice represented 1.11 per cent. of the total area under rice in India. The final forecast issued recently says that "the area is estimated at 1,063,929 acres, as against 1,183,564 acres during the same period in the previous year, showing a decrease of 119,635 acres or 10.1 per cent. when compared with the third forecast it shows an increase of 15,37 per cent. due to receipt of more returns for tabl."

The outturn is estimated at 335,719 tons, compared with 355,034 tons during the corresponding period of the previous year showing a decrease of 19,315 tons or 5.44 per cent. The yield has improved in contrast to acreage as a result of favourable seasonal conditions during the growing and subsequent stages as already forecasted in a previous report."

(continued from col. 7)

large models of lengths of rivers could be installed.

No single province could or should take on experimental work of that nature, and that it should be undertaken by special Research Station financed from the centre to be organized by practical experts.

Poona was suggested as admirably suited as a site for such a research station having the necessary facilities and a good climate. The existing Research Station has an ample supply of water from Lake Fife without the necessity of pumping. In addition, the discharge was free from fluctuation and the water was clear for ten months of the year — an important factor when different grades of silt have to be used in experiments. There is also the advantage that it is close to the meteorological station which renders valuable assistance.

CHANGE IN RIVER-BEDS

Examples of the loss and destruction caused in India by changes in the beds of rivers were given. It was emphasized that except in cases where very valuable properties were involved, no protective measures were taken, because of excessive cost. In such cases, therefore, the local people were generally compelled to leave the place to the mercy of the river. From this point of view, it would be a matter of great public welfare, if protective measures of reasonable expense could be thought out to prevent the erosion of rivers in this way. That was why the subject of controlling the winding of rivers deserved consideration.

The Board resolved that:— Tortuosity of rivers and their training by means of embankments should be considered at the next meeting, at which lines should be considered on which further investigation and research were necessary.

At present, the Punjab, as in previous years, has the largest irrigated area totalling nearly 11½ million acres. Madras comes next with about 7½ million acres followed by Sind with nearly 6 million acres and the United Provinces with nearly 4 million acres. The total capital outlay on these works is in the neighbourhood of (Continued on Page 3).

Yet Another Imperial Expert For Us!

Government Create New Department To Deal With Husbandry And Dairying Problems

SIMLA. (By Mail.)

With a view to keep the developments of dairying and animal products on proper lines the Government of India have decided to separate the organisation under the Imperial Dairy Expert. Until 1st April 1936 it formed only a section of the Imperial Institute of Agricultural Research, Fusa, but now with the Imperial Dairy Expert as its head the organisation will deal directly with the Education, Health, and Lands Department of the Government of India.

According to the estimates of experts the value of annual turnover of animal husbandry products in India amounts to the staggering figure of over 2,000 crores of rupees. It was felt for long that the machinery under Government was inadequate to guide the destiny of such an important industry. Experience in other countries has proved that if any headway is to be made with the improvement of cattle the dairy industry must receive urgent consideration, because unless proper market is established and better returns obtained for the increased yield of milk from the improved dairy cow, there would be no incentive for the stockbreeder to improve his stock. The fact that milk and milk products are indispensable in the promotion of the health of the nation has now been prominently focussed on public attention by the utterances of the Viceroy and by the various experiments carried out by experts on human nutrition. Members of Assembly too have shown their desire for developing the dairy industry through questions asked on the floor of the House during the Delhi Session of the Assembly.

SIX LAKHS SCHEME

The "six lakhs" scheme will provide for National Research Creamery where processes of manufacturing evaporated and powdered milk, casein, etc., on a factory scale will be experimented on and standardised thus providing a stimulus to industrial dairying. The need for such an institution can be gathered from the fact that India today imports milk products in the form of condensed milk and milk powder and other dry milk preparations of the value of about Rs. 2 crores annually. The scheme referred to above will also aim at the expansion of the Central Institute of Dairy Husbandry Bangalore by providing, as far as possible, with extra lands, laboratory facilities, etc. With a nucleus like this for the new Dairy Department and the various other schemes sanctioned by the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, a vigorous start has been made, and very important developments are contemplated in the near future. The standard of training given in Dairying at present is to be raised so that it will be as high as any given in any other part of the world.

The advisory and propaganda work will be much more intensified to meet with the full demand of the trade and in order that the developments can be efficiently carried out the Government of India have approached the Provincial Governments for their full co-operation. Sub-stations to the main institution located in the more important parts of the country are contemplated in the future development programme, so that the dairy industry will have that guidance and support from the State which is so necessary for its proper developments.—A. P. I.

(continued from col. 3)

dra Nath Mitra to give his powerful support to this Convention and to pave the way to its ratification by India. This is not too much to ask, for even if the Convention were enforced it would apply only to perennial factories. The additional duties that the factory inspectors would thereby be called upon to undertake cannot be regarded as excessive. I must for my part make one thing quite clear here. So long as trade unionism in India is in its infancy and the present political system prevails, if the Government takes up the attitude that this is a matter for mutual agreement between employers and workers, it will be widely interpreted as a clear evasion of its duty."

Irrigation Problems Of India Many Important Schemes Held Up For Lack Of Funds!

The following are extracts from a Press Note which has been issued from Simla:—

A new blue book concerning the lives and prosperity of over 50 million Indians and vast areas of valuable land made its first appearance on June 27. This publication summarizes some of the work that has been done and is in progress for solving India's irrigation problems. It is issued by the Central Board of Irrigation for India as a record of the technical work done during 1934-35, and is the first report of its kind.

When it is realized that the total amount of land cultivated in India dependent on irrigation is now about 40 million acres (31 million acres in British India alone), and that well over 50 million people are in this way employed, the importance of irrigation to India's prosperity can be gauged. The value of crops coming annually from irrigated areas is in the neighbourhood of Rs. 100 crores, which, as the land was mainly desert or uncultivable formerly, is an enormous addition to the nation's wealth, apart from protecting vast areas from the ravages of famine.

WATER-LOGGING

Practically, all this work involving the building of over 75,000 miles of canals and distributaries has been developed in the last 60 or 70 years. (We question the statement! Editor, Chronicle!)

When the present irrigation works are fully developed, the area benefited will be about 50 million acres (the area commanded by these works will of course be approximately twice as great). Perhaps, the most important problem facing those responsible for irrigation work at the moment, is that of water-logging, which results in land being rendered useless for cultivation purposes. This is clearly recognised, also the fact that the problem calls for urgent treatment. Numerous experiments are now in progress in different provinces in a fight against water-logging, which at present, has put out of use thousands of acres of good land.

SEEPAGE

In the Punjab, for example, for ascertaining losses from canals, tanks, have been built at a different points and the amount of seepage or water-loss from these tanks calculated experiments

have also been carried out with different soils to decide the rate at which water seeps through them.

In the United Provinces other experiments have been made with various materials for lining the beds of canals to stop seepage. In this connection such mixtures as Kankar lime, molasses and sugar factory by-products were tried out and are under observation. Tables were prepared showing how much water was lost with different kinds of soils in which canals are constructed.

CEMENT SANDWICH

Bombay has also gone into this question deeply, and a detailed investigation of about 1,025 sq. miles of kalar lands in Sind was made during the year. In the Khairpur tract, water-logging was kept under check by means of powerful pumps.

Discussing the most efficient lining for irrigation channels, it was reported that the use of two layers of brick tiles with a cement "sandwich" in between was proving efficient. The disadvantage of this method as with others is, however, the cost. In the United Provinces a three inch lining of brick in cement had been used on small channels. The Board resolved that although some of the types of lining already experimented with had proved satisfactory in particular cases, there was still need for further research to evolve an efficient and cheap lining for small channels.

MODELS FOR TESTS

One of the most important steps forward is the building of models in order to test out various theories for the control of rivers. Details were given of the work done at Poona of a model of the river Ganges. This model represents the course of the Ganges for about 20 miles in the neighbourhood of the Hardings Bridge. There have been indications that the river might change its course and affect the flow of water approaching the bridge with disastrous results. The experiments had shown that by taking a certain line of action, the bridge could be saved. In this way, a great deal of money, which might have been spent on useless work, had been saved.

The value of this work led to the discussion of the necessity for an experimental station where (continued in col. 4)

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A beauty hint straight from GINGER ROGERS



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THAT KEEPS MY SKIN
SO BEAUTIFULLY
SOFT, SMOOTH
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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 13 POINTS UP

Trade Buying On Sound Textile Situation

GOLD QUIET BUT SILVER HIGHER

Wheat, Linseed, Tin, Rubber All Firm

BOMBAY, July 6.
Monday crosses moved within a narrow range.
N. Y. COTTON FIRM.
New York cotton displayed decidedly improved sentiment on trade buying influenced by sound textile situation. The closing tone was firm.
SILVER HIGHER.
London gold was quiet but silver was slightly higher.
COMMODITIES FIRM.
Wheat and linseed ruled firm tin was very strong. Rubber also moved upward.
SECURITIES ACTIVE.
The London Stock Exchange was quiet and inactive in the absence of any important enquiry. Gilt-edged securities were active but the enquiry showed down later.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

October 1936	New York, July 6.
Previous closing	11.70
To-day's opening	11.76
Difference	+0.06
To-day's closing	11.83
Difference	+0.07

LIVERPOOL COTTON

October 1936	Liverpool, July 6.
Previous closing	6.37
To-day's opening	6.37
Difference	Nil
To-day's closing	6.39
Difference	+0.02

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May	Rs. 216-8
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N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, July 6.
Cotton displayed decidedly improved sentiment on trade buying influenced by sound textile situation which partly offset better weather reports while considerable foreign enquiry was also in evidence with prices showing an upward tendency.
Operations on the whole were somewhat restrained with traders awaiting release of Government bureau figures of acreage.
Trading in October began at 11.76 i.e. 6 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and trade and foreign buying influenced by better textile reports with October gradually rising to 11.83 with a very steady tendency.
New York cotton finally closed at 11.83 with a rise of 13 points for October delivery.

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BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 6.
There was no business at night.

JUTE SHARE

STATIONARY

Coals Steady And Teas Dull

CALCUTTA, July 6.
Jutes generally remained stationary and transactions were also limited. Coals continued steady, but business confined to small amounts. Teas remained dull and almost neglected. In miscellaneous apart from usual demand for engineering shares, there was little to report. Government securities continued steady. Following were the closing quotations:—
Government securities.—Two and three-fourth per cent new loan 1948/52 100/7; three and a half per cent Government loan 1947/50 107/4; four per cent loan 1940/70 115/6; five per cent loan 1940/43 110/15/6; five per cent U. P. bonds 1944 113/4 small lot.
Banks.—Imperial fully paid 1580 small lot; Reserve bank 133.
Coals.—Amalgamated 22/12; Bengal 270; Burrakur 13/4; Bokaro and Ramgarh 11/12; Equitable 30/12; New Beerbhoom 11/12; Standard 33/2 small lot.
Jutes.—Anglo India 382; Champdany 157 small lots; Hukumchand 9/11; Howrah 47/8; Kinnison 352 small lot; National 20/10; Union 362.
Miscellaneous.—Burma Corporation 6/14; Bhagat Bhaagpur electric 1/12;

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, July 6.
Liverpool wheat opened firm with July unquoted and October 74 1/2. The market was very active on good outside buying influenced by the Canadian brought situation and better American reports.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, July 6.
Chicago wheat prices were not received to-day.

LONDON MARKETS

London, July 6.
The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

METALS

Tin (4175 buyers 4175 1/2 sellers. Barely steady) 4180 buyers 4181 sellers. Steady.
Lead (415 5/16 buyers 415 3/8 sellers. Steady) 415 3/8 buyers 415 7/16 sellers. Steady.
Electrolytic Copper (440 3/4 to 441 1/4) 440 3/4 to 441 1/4
Glasgow Iron (479) 479

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, July 6.
The following cable information was received from London to-night:—
India bought. China sold. Small business. Market quiet.

JUTE

New Crop July August (417 sellers) 416 7/8 value.
Dundup June (421) 420 3/4
Lightning June (419) 418 1/2

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/2
Indian Pekoe higher (1-3 1/2) 1-3 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 1/4) 0-11 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-9) 1-9

RUBBER

Spot (7 11/16) 7 3/4 paid and value.
Forward (7 13/16) 7 13/16 paid and buyers.

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay July August (412 3/4 sellers) 412 3/4 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta July (413 sellers) 413 1/8 sellers.
Linseed La Plata July August (411 5/16 sellers) 411 5/16 sellers.
Groundnuts Comorandul July (414 15/16 sellers) 415 sellers.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Wheat	September	October
Wheat May 1937	4 9/6	4 11/6
Linseed September	7 11/3	7 4/9
Linseed May 1937	7 4/9	7 4/9

Bank Of Baroda, Limited

The net profit of the Bank of Baroda, Ltd., for the half year ended 30th June 1936, subject to audit, including the sum of Rs. 79,128-12-11 brought forward amounts to Rs. 2,73,630-7-2. The Directors have resolved to declare an ad-interim dividend at the rate of 10 p.c. p.a. free of income tax on the paid up capital which will absorb Rs. 1,50,000 and to carry forward the balance of Rs. 1,23,630-7-2 to the next account.

MONSOON

STRENGTHENS IN LOWER BURMA

Rainfall Will Increase In Konkan

POONA, July 6.
The monsoon has strengthened in Lower Burma and Bengal and conditions are unsettled at the head of the Bay of Bengal. The monsoon is also strong in the Gangetic Plain, East Gujarat, and the Punjab and is extending to Kashmir but remains weak elsewhere. Rainfall is nearly general in Lower Burma, Bengal, Orissa, Bihar, North and East Punjab, Konkan, local in Upper Burma, Assam, Chota Nagpur, West United Provinces, West Central India, Central Provinces, South-west Punjab, Kashmir and Gujarat.

A few falls occurred in North-west Frontier Province, East Rajasthan, Bombay Deccan, Malabar and Southeast Madras.

CHIEF AMOUNTS OF RAINFALL ARE:

Sialkot 7 inches, Amherst, Gwa, Purnea and Gorakhpur 4 each, Kyaukpuy, Akyab, Dehra Dun, Mussoorie, and Ahmedabad 3, Cox's Bazar, Gogra, Dinajpur, Jalpaiguri, Darbhanga, Dharanpore and Raipalind 2.

FORECAST.—Rainfall will decrease in Gujarat and United Provinces, continue widespread in the Punjab, Northeast India and Low-

Sentiment Bright But Business Restricted In Stock Exchange

RUBBER AND TIN SHARES FIRM GERMAN BONDS EASIER

Wall Street Unsettled And Erratic

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
LONDON, July 6.
On the exchange the sentiment was bright but weekend political developments discouraged marked expansion of business. Among foreign issues German bonds were easier. Danzigs were purely nominal while rubber and tin shares hardened in sympathy with respective commodities.
Tin was especially firm on unconfirmed rumours of the formation of a speculative pool together with anticipations among a few traders of international committee's announcement that Bolivia's arrears of output would be distributed among other signatories although the net production would remain unchanged.
Wheat was strong and active in sympathy with American markets and bullish weather.
Wall Street was unsettled and erratic.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

LONDON, July 6.
The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at 298 1/4

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES

Thursday, June 25	297 3/4
Friday, June 26	297 7/8
Monday, June 29	297 7/8
Tuesday, June 30	297 7/8
Wednesday, July 1	298
Thursday, July 2	298 1/8
Friday, July 3	298 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, July 6.
General business quiet but some good features gilded securities and home industrial in general after being firmer now easier Kaffir and international firm rubber shares steady.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consol	(285 1/4) 285
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan	(2107 1/2) 2107 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan	(2109 1/8) 2109 1/8
5 per cent Indian Loan	(2117 1/4) 2117 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	(2106 1/8) 2106 1/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds	(2115 3/8) 2115 3/8

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference	(19-10) 19-10
1/2 19-10 1/2	19-10 1/2
University Ordinary	(35-9) 35-9
Marka and Spencer Split Share	(24 3/8) 24 3/8
Hydro Electric	(27 3/8) 27 1/4
Musical Industries	(24-9) 25-0
Prinching Johnson	(48-3) 48-3
Imperial Chemical	(39-0) 39-0
Imperial Chemical Ordinary	(34 1/2) 34 1/2
Woolworth New Ford	(135-4 1/2) 135-4 1/2
Realisation 1930	(491) 489
Dundup Rubber	(34-4 1/2) 34-4 1/2
University Ordinary	(35-9) 35-9
Ford Motors	(31-0) 31-0
Cable Wires	(26 1/2) 26 1/2
British American Tobacco	(116-10 1/2) 116-10 1/2
Camera A	(49) 48 7/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary	(138-9) 138-9
P and O S N Company Defd	(21-3) 21-3
Distillers	(101-6) 102-0 Ex. Div.
Bred and Dyers	(7-4) 7-6
British Celanese	(10-7 1/2) 10-7 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary	(51-3) 50-9
Courtaulds Ordinary	(50-4 1/2) 49-7 1/2
Pine Cotton Spinners	(61 1/2) 61 1/2
Western Limited Ordinary	(27-4 1/2) 27-4 1/2
Inter Nickels	(248 3/4) 248 5/8
Bengal Iron and Steel	(8-6) 8-6
Tata Iron and Steel	(2102 1/2) 2102 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, July 6.
The following were the opening rates:—
General Motors (dol 67 3/4) dol 69 3/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 33 1/4) dol 33 5/8
U Steel Common dol 58 3/4 dol 59 3/4
U Steel Preference (dol 125) dol 124 1/2

BYCULLA CONGRESS EXECUTIVE

BOMBAY, July 6.
The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee announce that the following members have been elected to form the Executive Committee of the E Ward (Byculla) District Congress Committee.
Messrs. R. K. Achrekar, ex-officio, K. L. Borkar, ex-officio, R. D. Ramand, V. R. Tulla, S. C. Lame, B. S. Chitlap, J. D. Balsaraf, P. R. Rane, K. B. Kubal, P. A. Parab, R. S. Prabhu, Vajappa Shanbhag, R. S. Chavan, L. G. Varhad, J. S. Choksey, N. B. Parulekar, Sardar Pratapsingh, Nijananad Atmanandswami, S. V. Pupala, S. V. Patil, V. J. Vabale, A. B. Lobo.

The first meeting of the new Executive Committee of the E Ward (Byculla) District Congress Committee will be held on Wednesday, July 8, at 7 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House, to elect office-bearers and to transact other business permitted by the Chair.

INDIA'S MESSENGER TO P. E. N. CONGRESS

Hearty Send-Off To Madame Wadia By Bombay Centre

"May you never be poor; may you never be weary; go with God and come back to us," with these words Mrs. Sarojini Naidu bade farewell to Madame Sophia Wadia who is going to Buenos Aires, as the representative of India at the International P. E. N. Congress to be held there.

In this connection a meeting of the P. E. N. Centre was held at the National Medical College on Tuesday evening. Mrs. Naidu presided.

Mrs. Naidu said that 42 nations, each with its own culture, each with its own literature, each with its own message were going to assemble at Buenos Aires. India must send her own special message to this Congress. What was it to be? In spite of her great diversity of languages, India, where the story-teller has been the wandering university, is essentially one and united.

Indian literature is wide in its range, high in its altitude; it embraces all human emotions, the sorrow and the suffering, the triumph and joy of the human heart.

The real legislators of the world are those who deal in words. The real immortals are the singers and seers that deal in the enduring medium of human expression. Their only aim was to bring about human welfare and brotherhood. That was the aim of all human effort.

INDIA'S MESSAGE

It was here Mrs. Naidu said, that India had a special message to give. Fresh as the dawn, yet old as the oldest emotion, that message consisted in one word "Shanti", "Shanti".

Mrs. Naidu said that though Madame Wadia came as a stranger she had become so much of their own that they were content to entrust India's mission to her. She could go out there and tell them that she brought the message of peace and goodwill—Mahatma Gandhi and Dr. Rabindranath Tagore.

Both of them have sent messages. Gandhi has wired: "My good wishes accompanying Madame Sophia Wadia in her mission." Dr. Tagore has wired: "Madame Wadia carries India's greetings to distant shores and will help to tie the bonds of fellowship between the dreamers of dreams and the singers of songs of the New World and the Old."

POWER OF THE PEN

Madame Wadia speaking next said that Internationalism, to-day, was a low ebb. The failure of the League of Nations had been so complete and so sad that people had become pessimistic and doubted if there was a practical

COMPLETE HARTAL IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, July 6.

A complete hartal, such as has hardly before been witnessed in Delhi, is being observed to-day to express sympathy with the Tonga strikers. The strikers, mounted on the backs of their animals, with red flags, and Congress workers with tri-colour flags are parading the streets, appealing to all business houses to suspend business. Only doctors are allowed to keep their dispensaries open.

The railway company's conveyances, however, are plying and this it is feared, might cause some trouble, since in certain instances the younger element is trying to stop trains. Two persons were arrested this morning for alleged causing obstruction to trains. Police constables on horseback and on foot are patrolling all markets, watching the situation.

A deputation will wait to-day on the Deputy Commissioner while an informal meeting of the Delhi Municipal Committee will be held to-day to consider the question. A public meeting will be held this afternoon.—A. P.

Nasik Demands District Parliamentary Boards

(From Our Correspondent.)
NASIK, (By Mail.)

The Nasik District Congress Committee, at their meeting held here on the 28th inst., with Mr. P. S. Apte in the chair, passed a resolution requesting the Maharashtra P. C. C. to allow the District Congress Committees in the Province to form District Congress Parliamentary Boards, with a view to be able to conduct the forthcoming electioneering campaign in the District systematically and efficiently.

COLLECTIVE FARMING

(Continued From Page 6)

bitious national enterprises. I appeal through the columns of your paper to all well-wishers of the country who have the good of the nation at heart to set to work to make collective farming a success throughout the land. I shall discuss details and co-operate with those desirous of helping to promote the interests of the downtrodden population.—Yours, etc.,
7. Shri Ram Nagar, Delhi Shahdara.

**JUPITER
GENERAL**

 Insurance Co., Ltd. has
its Head Office in Fort,
Bombay.

J11

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZEEH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

**JUPITER
GENERAL**

 has branches and agen-
cies in principal towns
in India.

J12

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JULY 7, 1936

CONGRESS ELECTION CAMPAIGN STARTS IN RIGHT EARNEST

Organisation With Full Vigour Urged

Help C. P. C. & Ensure
Success Of Congress
Candidates

Accord Full Support In
Elections Propaganda

STIRRING APPEAL TO NATION

The following appeal has been issued on behalf of the Congress Parliamentary Committee:—

"It was decided by the Lucknow Session of the Indian National Congress that elections to the Legislatures under the New Constitution should be contested on behalf of the Congress. The Working Committee of the Congress accordingly constituted the Parliamentary Committee to organise the elections on behalf of the Congress.

STUPENDOUS WORK

This Committee held its first meeting at Wardha on the 1st and 2nd inst., and chalked out its plan of action. The work before the Committee is stupendous. Under the New Constitution there are some 2,100 seats for the various Provincial Legislatures, and it is the duty of the Committee to secure the election of the Congress candidates by over 30 million voters. This task can be performed only if the entire Congress Organisation in the country is mobilised and the active support of the general public is secured.

ORGANISE VIGOROUSLY

The Provincial Congress Committee have been asked to set Parliamentary Committees for their respective provinces to take up this work of organisation with full vigour. Other parties and persons intending to set up candidates are already in the field and are busy making preparations. Even canvassing by individuals has begun in many places. The Congress Organisation should therefore lose no time in setting to work.

The country knows what the Congress has stood for during all these years of struggle and sacrifice. Our goal is Independence or Purna Swaraj and those, and only those, who are pledged to this vow and for the struggle for attaining it, can be set up on its behalf.

MANIFESTO.

The All-India Congress Committee will issue the Election Manifesto in due time, and suitable candidates will be selected, whose duty it will be to carry out jointly the Congress policy in the Legislatures. The purpose of the Congress can, however, be achieved only if in this campaign, the Congress receives an overwhelming support of the nation. The public, and particularly those persons, who have been given the right of vote, should treat their right as sacred trust for the country.

APPEAL FOR FULL SUPPORT

The Congress has proved its worth not by words, but by deeds and by suffering, and an appeal is made on its behalf to the nation for all possible support in the fullest measure, so that it may achieve its high objective."

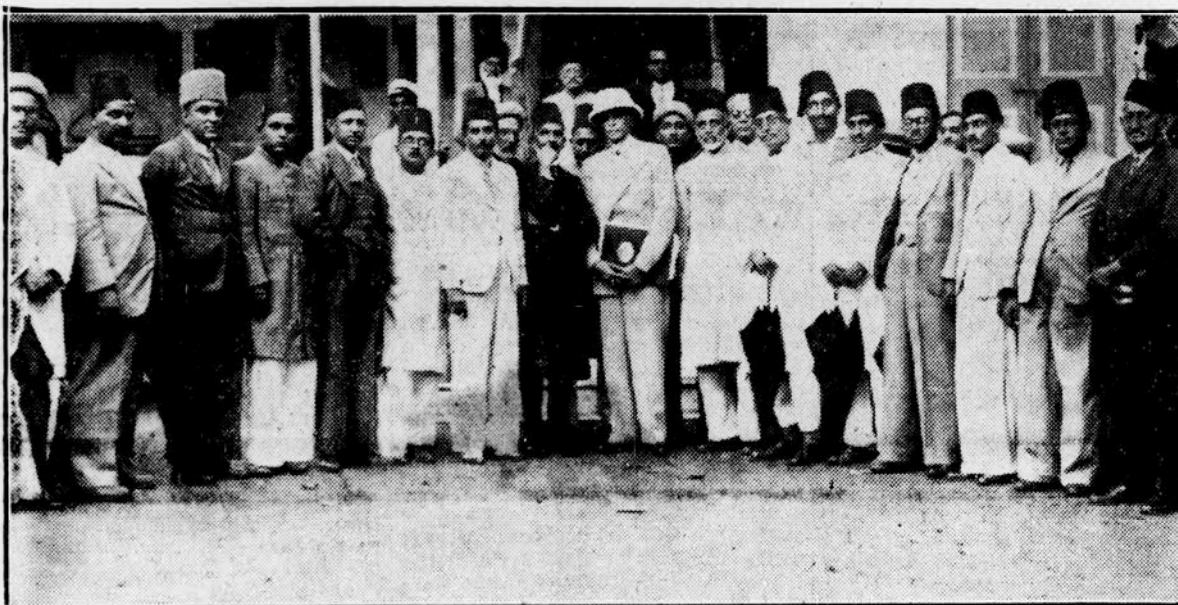
RAJENDRA PRASAD,
GOVIND VALLABH PANT,
SECRETARIES.

VALLABHBHAI PATEL,
CHAIRMAN.

Note:—All communications intended for the Congress Parliamentary Committee should be addressed to the Secretaries, Congress Parliamentary Committee, Congress House, Girgaum, Bombay.



Mr. M. A. Jinnah addressing the Muslim representatives, from all over the Presidency on Sunday, regarding the formation of a Provincial Board.



A group photo of Muslim representatives from all over the Presidency, who met on Sunday to form a Provincial Muslim League Parliamentary Board.

Sardar & Rajen Babu Arrive In Bombay

Will Conduct Parliamentary Committee's
Campaign From Congress House

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Babu Rajendra Prasad, the Chairman and Secretary, respectively of the Congress Parliamentary Committee have begun their work in right earnest, immediately after their arrival in Bombay on Monday morning.

The Central Offices of the Parliamentary Board were opened at the Congress House on Monday morning and Babu Rajendra Prasad will personally look into the correspondence and propaganda in connection with the Election campaign.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, has made Bombay his headquarters and will be here till after the elections.

RAJEN BABU'S PROGRAMME.

Babu Rajendra Prasad will be in Bombay for about a fortnight and then leave for Bihar after the arrival of Pandit Govind Vallab Pant, the other Secretary of the Board. One of the Secretaries will be in Bombay till the middle of February.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, in the course of a talk with a "Chronicle" representative said that, however much he wished to go into the country and do work among the peasants, he had to carry on the work of the Parliamentary Committee. "I am a peasant" he said but yet once the responsibility of Parliamentary work had been taken up, he would try his best to see it through.

SARDAR NOT TO CONTEST.

Asked if he would contest the elections from Gujarat, the Sardar laughed and said that he would not stand for election at all. His work was to conduct the election campaign and not to contest the election.

Since the Congress had decided to enter the Legislatures, it was in the interest of the Congress and the country, that everyone should work and make the Parliamentary programme a success.

The Election Manifesto had not yet been drafted. Asked as to whether it was imperative to make the Congress attitude re. offices clear in the Manifesto, the Sardar said that it was not necessary. There were two different and distinct Congress resolutions on the two questions and it was not necessary that the Manifesto should contain the Office question issue.

CONGRESS TO DECIDE IT.

Asked if the next meeting of the All-India Congress Committee at Bombay would consider the Office question, Sardar said that it might not. According to the Lucknow resolution, the A. I. C. C. after consulting the different Provincial Congress Committees will have to come to a decision on the subject. So far the P. C. Cs. had not been consulted.

While the A. I. C. C. could approve of the Manifesto, in all

Peep Behind Geneva Purdah

Lifting Of Sanctions Proves
God-Send To Italy

ONE MORE MONTH AND DUCE WOULD
HAVE DISGORGED ALL

Secret Understanding With Britain At Bottom
Of 'Close' Of Affair?

The "Bombay Sentinel" publishes the following:—

"The Sentinel" is able to reveal the true financial and economic bankruptcy of Italy under the government of Il Duce which shows how that ancient kingdom of Caesars, "Land of Poets, Musicians and Artists" as Mussolini says, has been shaken to its very foundations by the economic sanctions, which the weak-kneed western Powers have decided to raise just at the moment when they were on the point of succeeding.

The information which has come to the "Sentinel" is based on private advice and comes from reliable sources in Bombay direct from Rome. It shows how utterly misleading are the reports published in the press from leading news agencies.

For example, the trend of speeches made in the League and the House of Commons go to show that the sanctions have outlived their utility and it is no use continuing them. Mr. Neville Chamberlain condemned them as "Midsummer Madness". The true position is different.

The sanctions have so reduced Italy's coffers that foreign trade is impossible. Lira cannot be exported because there is no gold coverage. Foreign traders who deal with Italy cannot realise their dues in cash, but a system of barter has been initiated by which they can be paid in kind.

Italy has been so hard hit that she finds it very difficult even to meet the expenses of her Consular organizations.

Further, she has no money even to colonise Ethiopia, and most of her troops have had to be recalled.

Work Of "Civilisation"

The work of "civilisation," on the other hand, has begun with a vengeance. Italy has introduced a complicated banking system in Ethiopia by which all the available silver in circulation has been replaced by Bank of Italy's notes. Silver or gold hoarding is punished severely, and Ethiopians are forced to surrender all their precious metal.

One of the letters sent from Rome reveals the startling fact that King Victor Emanuel of Italy refused to accept the title of Emperor of Ethiopia.

Probably, King Victor is not so sure himself that his country will recover from the severe blow that sanctions have inflicted. But for Britain's lead in the movement for lifting the sanctions they would have been continued, and backed up by other Powers the world would have seen the triumph of right over might and what is more to the purpose, the doom of a conquest-mad Dictator.

Britain's Fear.

Britain's strange attitude in this respect is stated to have been a direct resultant of the Italian capture of the Tsana Lake area

and the consequent fear of British and allied interests in Egypt which are threatened with grave consequences if the waters of the Lake are cut off to aliens.

Britain would seem to have come to a secret understanding with the Dictator by which England will have free access to the Tsana waters. In return for giving the necessary lead in raising the sanctions, which will automatically lift Italy from the economical morass into which she has dragged herself in the Ethiopian adventure.

Another month more of sanctions and Italy would have had to disgorge all that she had swallowed in Ethiopia.

Mussolini's Bombast.

Mussolini is playing the role of a lion-tamer who, having no strength of his own, crows the King of the jungle by raising his voice. The Dictator's threats of war if sanctions were continued were empty bombast meant to strike terror into the heart of a weary world. Pouring poison-gas on a defenceless nation ill-prepared to meet the weapons of modern warfare is one thing and trying the same stunts on fully-armed leading powers is another.

ALLEGED FRAUDS ON INSURANCE COS.

Sensational Disclosures
In Lahore

LAHORE, July 5.

Sensational cases of fraud involving Rs. 25,000 in which Insurance Companies of Lahore are the victims are reported from Multan. Cases number about 40.

It is understood an astute gang with its base at Multan and ramifications all over Punjab has been carrying on systematic fraud by having bogus people insured who in most cases do not exist, and securing payment on the plea of the death of the insured people.

Several such bogus policy-holders had actually received payment from some Lahore companies. Several Lambardars and doctors also are involved.—United Press.

A Yeotmal message states that while a little boy of about two years was following his mother who was crossing a river, without her knowledge, he was drowned in the river.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade—



A King By Night